



01

Overview of the Global and Indian EV marke

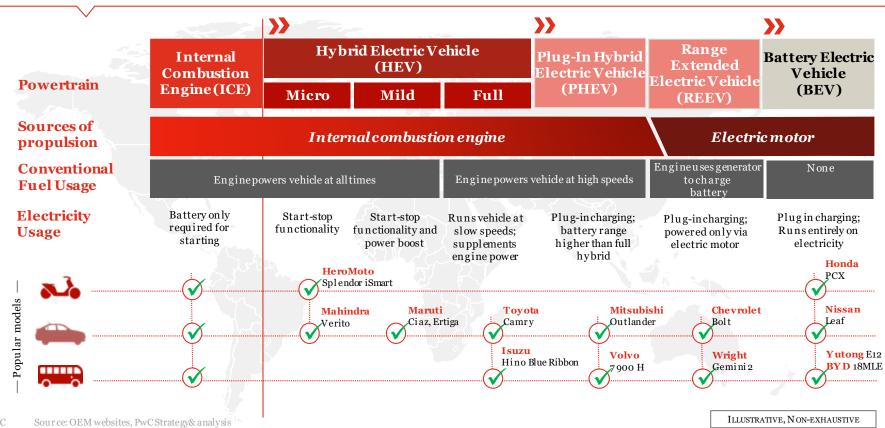
02

Key drivers of EV adoption – India perspective

03

Opportunities for players in the e-mobility ecosystem – products & services

# Globally, various power train technologies co-exist across xEV continuum and across vehicle segments



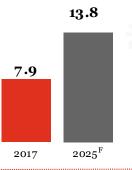
# Global xEV market is ~\$125 bn industry and is expected to reach \$580 bn by 2025; growth driven by government push and improving TCO





# e-2W market will see rapid growth in BRICS, rapid urbanization and changing customer perception is driving adoption in other markets as well





#### Global e-2W market value

by sub-segment (CY17)



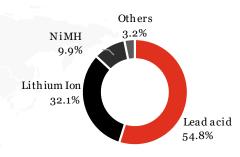
### Globale-2W market value

by region (CY17)



#### Globale-2W market share

by battery type



Rapid urbanization, traffic congestion in developing economies including BRICS create strong demand for e-2W for short distance commute

**Boom in food & beverages (F&B) sector** - rising demand for delivery options e-2W vis-à-vis traditional delivery vehicles

**Growing female rider population** drives e-scooters, m opeds demand

Market for e-motorcycle is expected to grow faster till 2025 due to entry of auto OEMs into emotorcycle (Harley, MV Agusta, etc), and rising disposable income Government subsidies, increasing household income & rapid urbanization major factors for e-2 W adoption in Asia-Pacific region; China, Japan, and India are the major e-2 wheeler markets in APAC Falling Li-ion battery prices and greater life span of Li batteries paving way for faster adoption

China accounts for 60% of the global lead acid 2W market

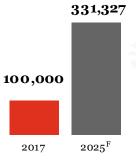
Technical difficulties at conversion facility to produce battery grade Li remains a challenge and is expected to be addressed



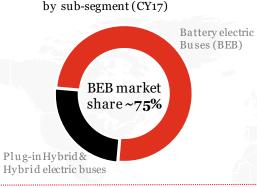


# Global sales of e-Buses will continue to rise, owing to government push for lower carbon emissions, urban air quality

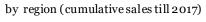


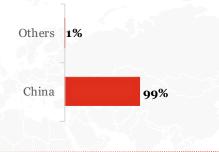


### Globale-bus market value

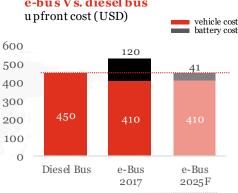


#### Globale-bus market volume





## e-bus Vs. diesel bus



Growing concerns over urban air quality, carbon emissions and potential operational cost savings is driving e-buses adoption - forecast to register a CAGR of 16.6% till 2025

Declining battery prices and im proving charging infrastructure driving Battery electric buses (BEB) growth

National sales targets, municipal air quality targets and supportive subsidies driving strong domestic demand in China

e-buses now comprise 17% of the total Chinese bus fleet and pure electric bu ses clearly dominate over plug-in h v brid buses

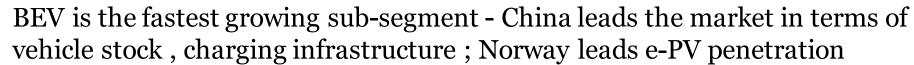
e-buses have the potential to reach cost parity vis-à-vis diesel buses -\$120k to high volume prices of \$41k

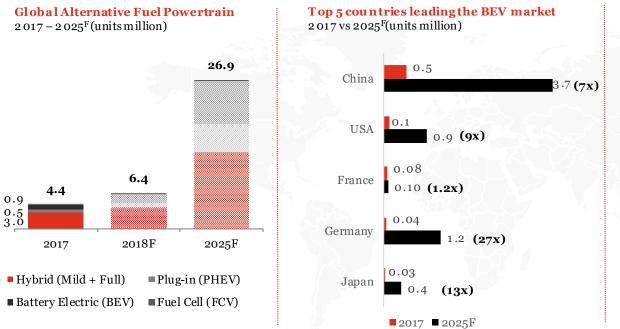
At around 80,000 kms the 350kWh e-bus reaches TCO parity with a diesel bus1

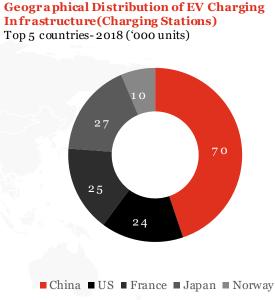
Falling Li-ion battery prices and in novation in battery technology







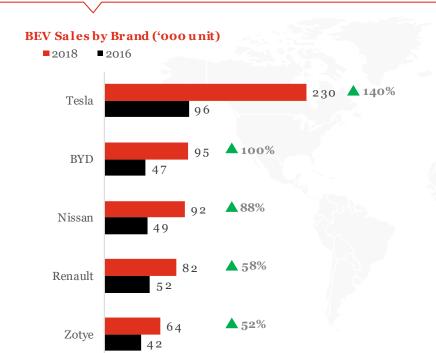




<sup>\*</sup>Forecast considerations: All major markets were driven by strict regulatory requirements to reduce fossil-fuel based CO2 emissions with a perspective to full abatements by 2050 based on the now-effective COP21 convention



# Nissan-Renault-Mitsubishi Alliance is challenging Tesla's position as BEV market leader with launch of various models



OEMs	Announced BEV plans
Toy ota	1 0 all-electric models by the early 2020s, ~ \$13 bn into battery technology development in 2030
Hyundai/ Kia	38 new models by 2025
Daimler	40 electric models by 2025
Ford	40 electrified models by 2025
Honda	2/3rd of 2030 sales
Nissan	1 million electrified vehicles a year by 2022
Tesla	0.5 million sales in 2018; 1 million in 2020
Volkswagen	2-3 million annual sales by 2025,50 fully electric m odels by 2025
Volvo	1 million cumulative sales by 2025

Total market size ~ 1,261 k vehicles

# Aggressive market development models, billion dollar investments on charging infra, stringent policies imply higher xEV penetration.

#### **Policy Overview**

#### **Details of Regulatory Framework**



### Stringent regulations for manufacturers, scaling back incentives

#### Proportion of total cars: 0.8% | Charging stations: 70,000

- NEV credit system for manufacturers
- Scaling back of subsidies for EVs with a range of less than 300 km by 30% in 2019 and completely in 2020; 10% in crease in subsidies for midsize and large EVs with a range of 400 km or more



Tax credits and other monetary & nonmonetary benefits

#### Proportion of total cars: 0.2% | Charging stations: 24,000

- Federal IRS tax credit of \$2,500 to \$7,500 per new EV purchased
- Other incentives may include additional tax credits, vehicle or infrastructure rebates or vouchers, vehicle registration privileges, grants, special low-cost charging rates, and high-occupancy vehicle lane exemptions



Financial incentives & waivers

#### Proportion of total cars: 0.3% | Charging stations: 25,000

- Purchase subsidies of up to 6,000 euros for electric and hybrid vehicles
- Diesel scrappage plan that offers up to 4,000 euros for trading in old diesel vehicle
- Tax breaks and waiving off annual registration fees



Subsidies and charging in frastructure

### Proportion of total cars: 0.2% | Charging stations: 27,250

- On e-time subsidy for purchase of new EV and waiving of other on e-time taxes
- Elim inating range anxiety through availability of charging infrastructure



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Tax exemptions and other financial incentives

### Proportion of total cars: 6.4% | Charging stations: 10,000

- Exemption from 25% VAT on purchase and annual road tax
- · Parking, road toll and ferry charge for EVs with upper limit of 50% of full price
- Fiscal compensation for scrapping of fossil vans when converting to a zero emission van

# FY19 sales for the Indian BEV market stood at 0.76 Mn units; future growth looks positive with government regulations and investment outlays



E-2Wheelers

16.4%

(By volume, FY19)

Note - includes scooters & motorcycles only

Unlike global market, EV adoption in Indian market is led by e2W category rather than passenger vehicles (global)



E-3Wheelers

83%

(By volume, FY19)

Note - includes auto & rickshaws

Increasing regulation and organization of 3W market is expected to drive future market growth



E-PVs

0.5%

(By volume, FY19)

Note - includes hatchbacks, sedans, SUVs

Although present market penetration is low, incentives and wider choice is expected to drivefuturegrowth



E-Buses

0.1%

(By volume, FY19)

Electric bus a doption is in creasing owing to push by central government, state transport authorities towards electrification of fleets

Major **Players** 

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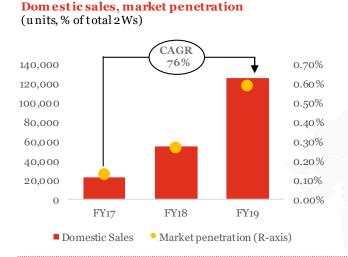
Source: SMEV, NewsArtides







# While e-2W sales have increased, the Indian market still has a long way to go to meet FAME II target for overall electrification of vehicles





Customer Adoption			
Customer Segments	Likelihood of Adoption		
∰ Govt	NA		
Fleet	***		
S Individual	***		

#### **Growth Drivers**

- Lower total cost of ownership (**TCO**) in comparison with all other vehicles
- Usually used for short commutes so there is no range anxiety
- **Convenience in charging** scooters can be charged quickly and easily, often using existing plug points in homes

#### Challenges

• Almost all electric scooters run on lead batteries to keep the prices low. This leads to lower life, battery failures, of batteries thus restricting sales

Source: SMEV, SIAM, ETAuto

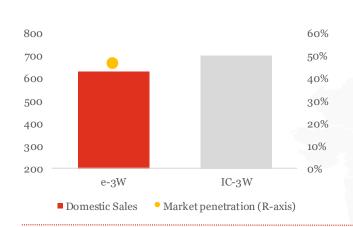






# e-3W witnessed the highest penetration in FY19 across segment; operator earning potential, relaxed vehicle registration norms being prime reasons

## Domestic sales, market penetration ('000 units FY19, % of total 3Ws)



#### Key models available in market



#### **Customer Adoption**

Customer Segments	Likelihood of Adoption		
€ Govt	NA		
Fleet	***		
\$ Individual	***		

#### **Growth Drivers**

- Increase in operator earning potential, end of Permit Raj
- E-rickshaws preferred by customers; lower running cost as compared with traditional 3w
- Em ergence of independent local assemblers
- · Absence of strict enforcement of regulations in 3w segment

#### Challenges

- Operators rely on sub-standard charging equipment, electricity theft owing to unavailability of charging points
- Cost sen sitivity of segment, which makes li-ion batteries commercially unviable
- 2 W structural resilience in itself

Sour ce: SMEV, SIAM, ETAuto



# e-PV sales has largely been restricted to urban areas; segment characterized by preference shift towards higher power and longer range vehicles

#### Key models available in market Domestic sales, market penetration **Customer Adoption** (units, % of total PVs) Customer Likelihood of Mahindrae20 Segments Adoption 22% 0.15% 4,000 0.13% Mah indra eVerito 3,500 0.11% 3,000 Govt 0.09% 2,500 Upcoming in June 2019: 0.07% 2,000 0.05% 1,500 Tata Tiago Electric Fleet 0.03% 1,000 0.01% 500 Mahindrae-KUV 100 -0.01% FY17 FY<sub>18</sub> FY19 Individual

#### **Growth Drivers**

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■ Domestic Sales

- · Growth restricted largely to urban areas
  - o Popularity largely limited to **corporate fleets** owing to players such as Lithium Urban; electrification of government fleet
  - Charging In frastructure availability restricted to urban centres

Market penetration (R-axis)

#### Challenges

- Customer segmental preference shift towards SUVs; need for higher power and longer range
- Next gen shift from vehicle ownership to sharing; higher a equisition cost of vehicles for cab aggregators

Sour ce: SMEV, SIAM, ETAuto



# Government push for e-buses, with a planned shift to 100% electrification in the long term

#### E-buses in public transport

Cities

DHI selected 11 cities with plans to procure 390 electric buses in total

### Operational

#### Planned

Mumbai Delhi Ahmedabad

Shimla Indore Kolkata

Hy derabad Jaipur Guwahati

Lucknow Bangalore

#### Key models available in market



Olectra-BYDeBuzz



JBM Solaris Eco-life



Tata Motors Ultra



Ashok Leyland Circuit

#### **Customer Adoption**

Customer Segments

Likelihood of Adoption











\_\_\_\_\$ Individual

NA

#### Future Plans: E-buses

- GOItarget as per Green Urban Mobility Scheme 100% electric public transport by 2030 deploy 10,000 electric buses in public transport fleet
- International players have tie-ups with Indian companies to setup assembly units in India

Source: SMEV, SIAM, ETAuto



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Opportunities for players in the e-mobility ecosystem – products & services

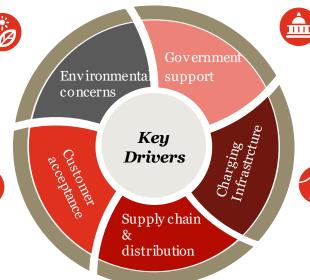
# Interplay of five key factors will determine how the Indian xEV market evolves

### **1** Environmental concerns

- In dicators Im plementation plan for BS-VI, Falling Battery prices, Rise in crude oil prices, Reduction in solar tariff
- Stringent fuel efficiency norms (CAFÉ)
- Cause Scarcity of fossil fuels, Increasing pollution in transportation
- · Long term sustainability

## **5** Customeracceptance

- Economic rationale in purchasing electric vehicle
- Vehicle performance & features
- Battery performance
- Range anxiety
- · Awareness & education drives



## **2** Government support

- · Creation of xEV demand in the market
- · Promoting indigenous manufacturing of x EV
- x EV market segment prioritization based on ease of a doption and impact on the en vironment
- Driving the ecosystem to achieve gov ernment's multiple objectives
- Increasing x EV customer awareness

## 3 Charging infrastructure

- Dev eloping charging infrastructure though investments from Govt & private players
- Establishment of charging guidelines and standards
- Integration of grid with charging stations to provide seamless service
- Charging convenience to reduce customer anxiety

# 4 Supply chain & distribution

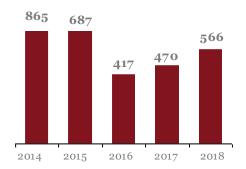


- Opportunity identification for xEV component manufacturing in In dia
- Building of local e-components manufacturing capability
- Dealer's motivation in driving sales of xEV products (incentives, margins etc.)

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# Deteriorating environment, fossil fuel scarcity create imperatives for xEV adoption; stringent new norms for IC vehicles

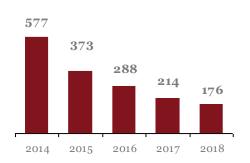
#### Crude Oil imports 2014-18 (in '000 Crores)



#### Rising crude oil imports bill

Rising oil consumption elevates climate risks from greenhouse gas emissions and imports in crease budget deficit and inflation

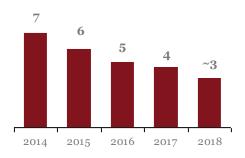
Battery Pack Real Price 2014-18 (USD/ kWh)



#### Decreasing battery prices

Since batteries account for major part of xEV cost, lower battery prices are making EVs m ore attractive for customers

Solar tariff 2014-18 (INR / unit)



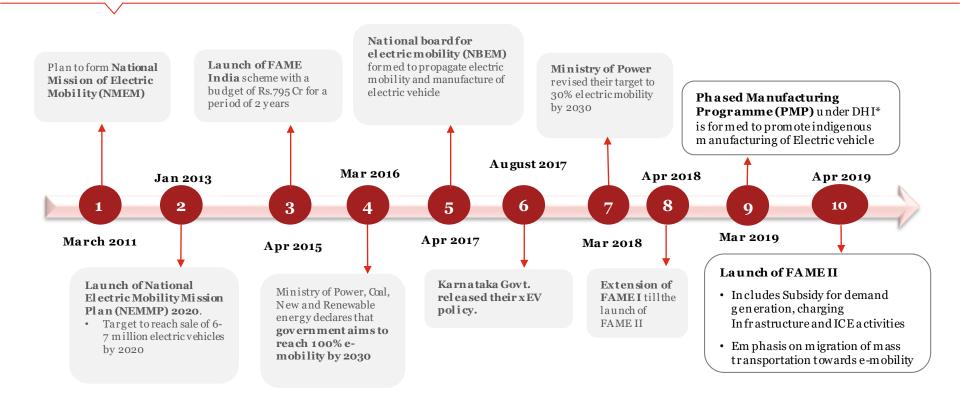
#### Decreasing solar tariffs

This would avoid burden shifting – shifting of emissions from roads to power plants

#### Other Considerations

- CAFÉ (Corporate Average fuel economy) norms require cars to be 30% or more fuel efficient from 2022 and 10% or more between 2017 and 2021
- · Expected to impact IC vehicle price and push OEMs towards greater xEV production for CO2 credits

# To tackle environmental concerns and ensure long term sustainability, Government has taken e-mobility initiatives since 2011



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# Various government organizations have provided holistic and integrated measures to transformation of e-mobility

#### Ministry of Road Transport and Highways

- Battery vehicles will be exempted from permits
- Gearless electric scooters driving license to be provided for age group 16-18
- BEVs will get green plates.

#### Ministry of Power

- No license required to operate x EV charging stations
- Tariff for private charging stations will not be more than the average cost of supply plus 15 %

#### **NITIA** ayog

To reduce capital burden, a **PPP** a **greement** is done to operate and maintain the e-buses in cities through OPEX Model

#### Department of Heavy Industry

Cabinet approve **FAME II** scheme with a outlay of Rs.10,000 Cr to support 15.6 lakh electric vehicle for a period of 3 years

#### **NITIA** ayo g

Cabinet approved National Mission on Transformative Mobility and Battery Storage which is aimed at **Phased Manufacturing programme**(PMP) for 5 years



Ministry of Housing and urban affairs

Amended rules for charging infrastructure in private and commercial buildings

Indian Space Research Organization

Shortlisted 10 firms for transferring their Li-

#### Ministry of Finance

Im port duty for all categories of vehicle, battery packs & cells have been rationalized

Recent schemes like FAME II & PMP will likely to have major impact on the adoption of x EV in the market

vC Source: NITI Aayog

# With a bigger financial outlay, focus on public transport and charging infrastructure, FAME-II provides the right impetus for e-mobility adoption

FAME-India (National Mission on Electric Mobility)	Fam e-I	Fam e-II
Duration	FY 15-FY 17*	FY 20 – FY 22
Incentivetype	Fuel efficiency based	Battery & vehicle performance based
Vehide type	2W,3W,4W & e-bus	2W,3W,4W,e-bus & e-rickshaw
Budget	IN R 795 Cr*	IN R 10,000 Cr
Dem and Incentive	IN R 495 Cr	INR 8,596 Cr
Segmentfocus	2w & Passenger cars	E-bus,3w & private2W
Batterytype	Alltypes	Li-ion and advanced
Nos. Supported	~0.2 Million	~1.6 Million

Target Segment	Vehicles to be supported	Budget allocated (INR Cr)	Impact on segment level adoption	Key influencing factors
<b>8.76</b>	1,000,000	2,000		Rapid urbanization
, LI	5 0 0,000	2,500		Operational cost saving
	55,000	551	•	-
i	7 090	3,545		Supportive subsidies

### Eligibility criteria for availing FAME-II subsidy -

- OEMs registered with NAB/DHI; Vehicle's registered with CMVR
- Certain parts of the vehicle to be localized

\*Scheme extended till FY19 with budget increased to INR 895 Cr

Vehicle to have regenerative braking system; Vehicle warranty of 3 years

- Battery should be "Advanced" (includes Li-ion, NiMH, Lithium polymers, etc.)
- Vehicle with 'fuel saved' monitoring device
- Advance battery, Minimum Max speed, battery range & battery density stated by DHI

States such as Andhra Pradesh, Kerala Maharashtra, Karnataka, Uttar Pradesh, etc., have released their own xEV policy to promote EV and attract investment from private players

Source: DHI, PwC Analysis 20

# Government's localization push through PMP programme augurs well for the aspirations of Indian xEV component manufacturers

#### PHASED MANUFACTURING PROGRAM BY DHI

- 2-year programme starting from 1st April 2019
- Phased increase of Import duty (ranges from 0% to 15%) in the next 2 years for various critical electric vehicle components to allow local x EV component manufacturers to plan their investments and build the capability of indigenous manufacturing
- · Since imported parts shall get costlier it will certainly encourage EV makers to source the parts within In dia
- **Mandatory localization** of certain e-components necessary to avail FAME subsidy will force OEMs to seek local e-component manufacturers (refer to Appendix -I for complete list of parts)

#### NATIONAL MISSION ON TRANSFORMATIVE MOBILITY & BATTERY STORAGE

Objective: To drive clean, connected, shared, sustainable & holistic mobility initiatives

#### PMP plan:

- For setting uplarge scale, export-competitive integrated batteries and cell-manufacturing Giga plants
- · Focus on large-scale module and battery packs in FY20 & Integrated cell manufacturing by FY22.
- Localize production of electric vehicle across xEV value chain
- · Plan is expected to run for 5 years

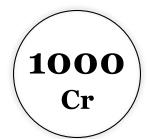
**Opportunity:** Auto component manufacturers will look to diversify their product portfolio and increase their capabilities to cater to the future demands of xEV envisaged by the govt.

PwC Source: PMIndia, NITI Aayog 21

# Government's guidelines and investment on charging infrastructure with interest from private players will make the xEV makers upbeat



charging stations to be built in mega cities, "Smart cities"



will be used for developing infrastructure



grid planned to have at least one charging station



Stretch of highway to have a charging station

- **Guidelines & standards** from Govt. for charging infrastructure *Standards on CCS, CHadeMO, Bharat AC/DC connectors defined*
- Government encourages interlinking of **Renewable energy with charging grid**; *pantograph* and *fast charging* is also part of the plan
- Private charging at residences / offices
- Setting up of Public Charging System (PCS) shall be a **delicensed activity**
- Encouraging Public-private partnerships (PPP)

Notable players - charging infrastructure















NON-EXHAUSTIVE

# Raw material availability, manufacturing cost and dealer margins hold key to the future development of electric mobility in India



#### RAW MATERIAL

- Som e of the xEV components has to be customized for Indian climatic conditions such as battery management system (BMS)
- Manufacturers could explore investing in R&D for developing magnet-less motors as India doesn't have magnet resource
- Battery recycling will reduce Nickel and cobalt import dependency



# LOCAL MANUFACTURING

- Import duty rationalization of many evenicle components will stimulate local manufacturing
- Gov t. is indicating mandatory **localization**of 50% of the vehicle parts for availing
  subsidy
- Local manufacturers could also target the EV exports market (India as the manufacturing hub)



# **DEALER NETWORK**(for OEMs)

- With a lower maintenance cost (hence service revenue) levers to attain **dealer profitability** would have to be revisited e.g. dealer incentives to push the sales of x EVs
- Dealers' future value proposition may get diversified, dealer touchpoints can serve as charging stations, provision for battery swapping etc.

### Recent developments

Battery maker eyes India's \$300 billion lithium-ion market Hyundai mulls options for sourcing EV components in India Researchers improve recycling process for lithium-ion batteries

Avan Motors is looking to expand its dealership reach to 11 more states in the next few weeks

23

PwC Source: Press search, PwC analysis

# Increase in customer choice of electric vehicles with OEMs planning to launch a slew of electric vehicles in the market



Sour ce: News articles, PwC analysis

# To win the xEV market, manufacturers need to address key customer concerns



# **Economic Rationale**

Gov ernment subsidy, OEM promotional discounts, lower cost of own ership, providing 'resale' assurance would be levers of bettering rationale





# **Battery** performance

m ot ors

Batteries with high density, high battery life and low cost is the need of the hour Make for India – e.g. battery management sy stems, magnet less





## Range Anxiety

Provide ease of access to charging stations (network expansion) a dopt technologies for fast charging, new business models such as battery swapping (2&3W)





# E-vehicle performance

Manufacture products that address concerns on ride & handling, payload, top speeds etc. EVs comparatively are lower on noise and higher on torque





# **Customer** awareness

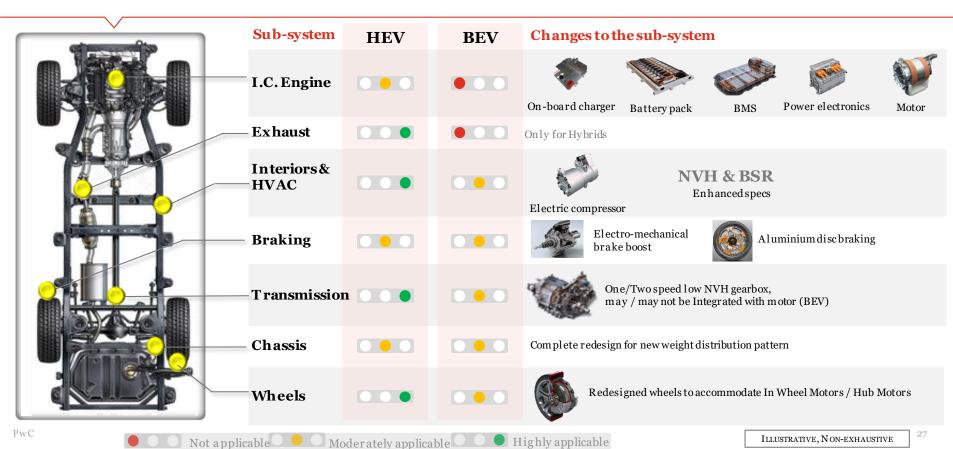
To create awareness (and hence demand pull) among the potential customers – educational drives, feature illustrations, DIY & charging procedures



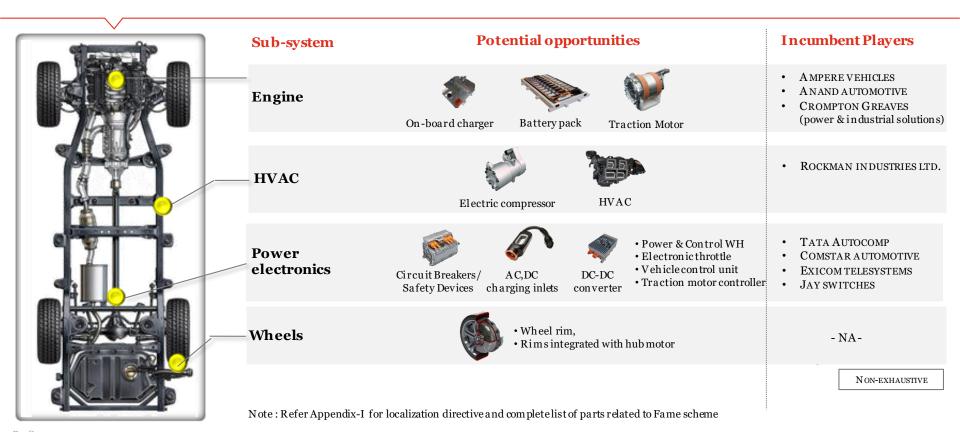


# xEV changes will manifest in different products across vehicle segments...

Replaced sub-systems, redesigned modules, use of new technology, light-weighting and so on

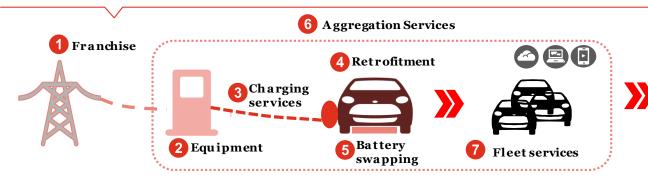


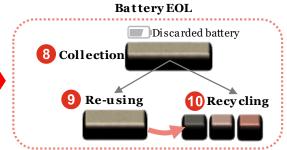
... component makers would need to innovate and capitalize on the recently announced incentives; opportunity to diversify portfolio.



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# Similarly, plethora of opportunities will open up in services (direct & ancillary) in the e-mobility ecosystem...





**Battery EOL** is defined as end of the operating life of a EV battery as specified by the manufacturer; at this stage the battery is no longer suitable for EV application

## 1 Franchise

Private players can become franchises of Discoms to sell electricity for charging

## 2 Equipment

EV charging equipment manufacturing/ supply for the domestic market

## 3 Charging services

Provision of charging facilities to the customers – involves installation, maintenance and operating charging infra as a primary business

### 4 Retrofitment

Retrofitting the existing/new vehicles with the EV power train kits

## **5** Battery swapping

Battery swapping system as an alternative to spot charging

#### 6 Aggregation Services

Cloud, software or application based services for aggregating the EV services

## **7** Fleet services

Operating a EV fleet- point to point or leasing

### 8 Collection

Establishment of used EV batteries collection in frastructure and making them available for the disposal process

### 9 Re-using

Repacking used EV batteries to make a smaller batteries suitable for stationary applications such as inverters etc,

## 10 Recy cling

Recycling batteries to retrieve u sable contents, thus minimizing the environmental impact of the dumped batteries

... globally, a number of business models have emerged to cater to the xEV ecosystem needs.

Sl. no	EV Business Model	Global Examples	India Examples
1	Battery Swapping Model	Gogoro	Sun mobility
2	Battery Rental/Leasing Model	Renault	Sun mobility
3	Charging Equipment Manufacturing	ABB	EVteq
4	Charging Infrastr. Partnership Model	E-on	EV Motors, Fortum
5	Electric Vehicle Leasing Model	SwedishICTSICS	Glyd
6	Battery Recycling Model	Renault, Umicore	-NA-
7	High-end EV Sales + Fast-Charging Model	Tesla	Emflux Motors
8	EV Car Sharing Model (Public-Private)	Lyft	Blu-smart

NON-EXHAUSTIVE

## Innovation across the xEV ecosystem

*A glimpse into future-tech* 



### **Battery**

- Solid State Li Batteries, Graphene batteries, and Nanotech batteries - lighter batteries, faster charging and long range per charge
- Foam batteries, Sand batteries, Nickel-zinc batteries, Dual Carbon batteries, and Sodium ion battery - cost effective alternate to Li batteries with improved battery life & faster charging



### Structure & hardware

- Lightweight Materials, composite materials using carbon fibers/High Strength Steel to increase range of EV
- 'eAxle' technology electrically driven axle system for hybrid cars deliver torque vectoring; improve driving experience





- Wireless Inductive charging to charge batteries during operation. Autonomous park-and-charge to charge batteries v ia sensory devices
- Regenerative Braking, Ultrasound charging to charge its batteries by harnessing power from kinetic and sound energy
- Refillable Technology & Micro-super capacitors to recharge faster & reduce discharge rates of batteries

## **Intelligent systems**



- Intelligent Battery Management System using an alytics & ML to in crease battery life & efficiency
- Intelligent Motor Timer System to boost EV cruising range

Source: PwCresearch Pw C 31

**xEV** 

future

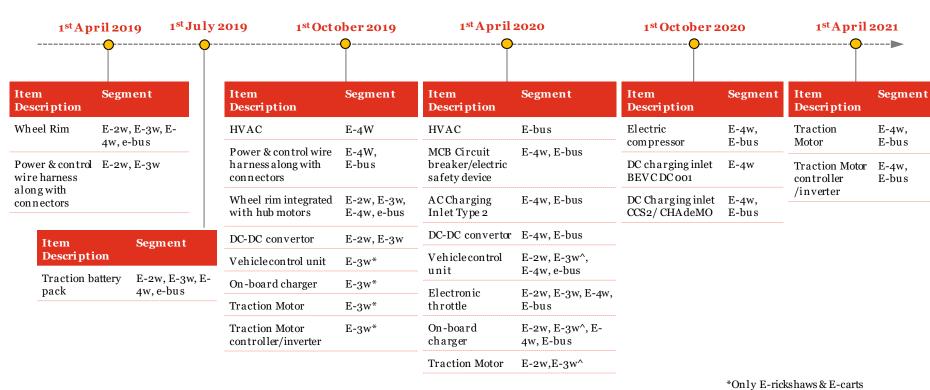
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## Appendix I

To avail FAME Subsidy, the following parts have to be localized per the given timeline



## Appendix II

## Scale-ups / start-ups foraying into the Indian xEV market

NON-EXHAUSTIVE



#### Electric Vehicles

- e-2W
  Tork Motorcycles
  Twenty Two Motors
  Ather Energy
  Amphere Vehicles
  Orxa Energies
  Emflux Motors
  Okinawa Autotech
  Ultraviolette Automotive
- e-4W Strom Motors
- e-3W Gayam Motor Works



#### EV Components

- Battery Management System ION Energy, PuRE Energy
- Battery
   Pu RE Energy (Li & others)

   Grinntech Motors (Li)
- Power Electronics SimYog
- Intelligent EV software ExoMobility
- Embedded Systems
   Maker Max



#### Infrastructure

- Fast charge & overnight charging solutions
   EV Motors
- Charging station strategy PlugInIndia
- Charging infrastructure & SaaS based network management
   Fortum
- Battery energy storage systems & charging infrastructure

Magenta Power & EV solutions



#### **FleetServices**

- Electric cab services
  Blu-Smart
- Employee transportation services
- Premium transportation services Glyd (M&M)



#### **AlliedServices**

- Micro-mobility solutions RodoBikes
- Modular batteries & quick interchange stations

Sun mobility

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