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Commodity price monitor September-18

Prepared for ACMA

Strictly private and confidential

25 October 2018





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Commodity trend dashboard

Commodity trend dashboard Quarter-on-Quarter changes (1/2)-Rolling view

Calendar Year 18-19: Q vs. Q update

Commodity	Region	Q-o-Q Up	Q-o-Q I	Oown
ron & Steel				
Iron Ore	International		-1%	V
	Domestic low grade			
	Domestic high grade			
Pig Iron	International		-1%	V
	Domestic	0%	\	
Stainless steel	Domestic	0%	\	
	Domestic	0%	\	
Wire rod	International	2%		
	Domestic		-4%	_
Steel Billets	International		-4.7%	_
	Domestic		-4%	_
Hot-rolled coils	International		-3%	V
	Domestic		-1%	V
Cold-rolled coils	International		-1%	_
	Domestic	1%	\	
EN8	Domestic		0%	_
20MnCr5	Domestic		0%	_
Ferro-alloys	;	<u> </u>	·	
Ferro titanium	International	10%		
Ferro chrome	International		-8%	_
	Domestic		-3%	_
Ferro molybdenum	International	7%		
Ferro vanadium	International	21%		
Ferro silicon	International		-2%	_
	Domestic		-11%	T

ND: Not disclosed by the source

Commodity trend dashboard Quarter-on-Quarter changes (2/2)- Rolling view

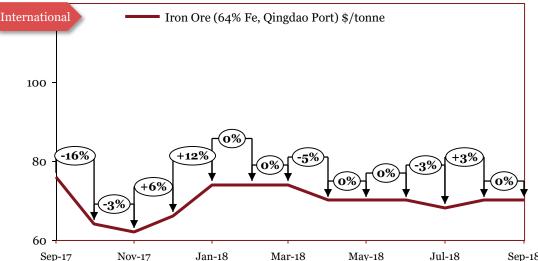
Calendar Year 18-19: Q vs. Q update

Commodity	Region	Q-o-Q Up	Q-o-Q Dowr
Base Metals			
Aluminum	International		-9% ▼
	Domestic		-5% ▼
Copper	International		-11%
	Domestic		- 7% ▼
Zinc	International		- 19% ▼
	Domestic		- 15% ▼
Nickel	International		-9% ▼
	Domestic		- 4% ▼
Tin	International		- 7.8% ▼
	Domestic		-3%
Magnesium	International	6%	
recious Metals			
Platinum	International		-10 % ▼
Palladium	International		-2% ▼
Rhodium	International	10%	
olymers			
Low density polyethylene (LDPE)	International		-6% ▼
	Domestic	6% ▲	
Polypropylene (PP)	International		-0.3%
	Domestic	1.6% ▲	
Rubber	Domestic	6%	
Currency Exchange			
Dollar	International	3.9%	
Pound	International	2%	
Euro	International	0%	
Yen	International	2%	

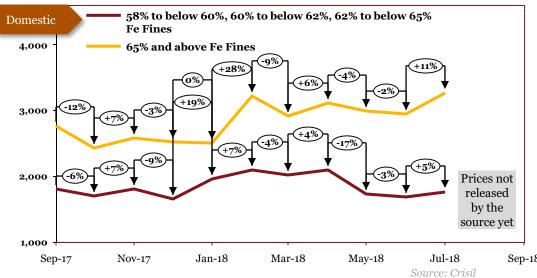
Iron & Steel

Iron	Iron & Steel		
1	Iron Ore	9	
2	Pig Iron	10	
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4	Steel Billets	12	
5	Hot-Rolled (HR) Coils	13	
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Iron Ore



	IV.	Ionthly Av	erage Pri	ces
	Period	*Int'l	*Dom Rs/tonne	
		\$/tonne	65% & below	65% & above
	Oct-17	64	1,697	2,426
	Nov-17	62	1,812	2,585
	Dec-17	66	1,646	2,512
8	Jan-18	74	1,953	2,507
	Feb-18	74	2,099	3,216
	Mar-18	74	2,012	2,919
	Apr-18	70	2,087	3,106
	May-18	70	1,726	2,993
	Jun-18	70	1,676	2,946
	Jul-18	68	1,757	3,264
	Aug-18	70	-	-
	Sep-18	70	_	_



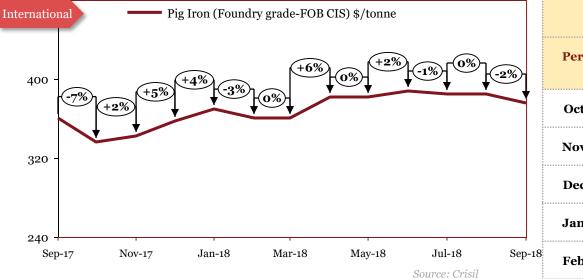
The actual prices	may vary depending on
	citu, plauer, arade etc.

Outlook

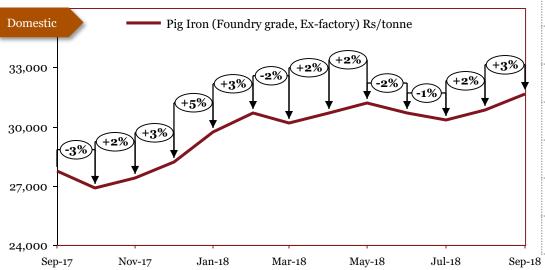
In January 2018, international ore prices followed similar tends as it did last month. However, the prices are expected to slow down as the market stabilizes. In Feb 2018, the international ore prices remained constant. In March, the international prices remained stable as the supply and demand balanced. In April, the international prices decreased owing to the closure of steel mills in China due to environmental sanctions. In May, prices in the international market remained unchanged due to slated capacity cuts by Chinese steel producers owing to government regulation. In June, prices in the international market remained unchanged owing to stable demand. In July, expansion in global mine supply, easing in steel prices and renewed production curbs at mills in China blunted overall demand and caused a decline in prices in the international market. In August, international prices rose mainly due to increased demand from China and decreased supply from Brazil. In September, international prices remained stable.

Source: Crisil

Pig Iron



Monthly Average Prices			
Period	*Int'l \$/tonne	*Dom Rs/tonne	
Oct-17	336	26,900	
Nov-17	342	27,400	
Dec-17	357	28,200	
Jan-18	370	29,700	
Feb-18	360	30,700	
Mar-18	360	30,200	
Apr-18	382	30 700	



Mai -10	300	30,200	
Apr-18	382	30,700	
May-18	382	31,200	
Jun-18	388	30,700	
Jul-18	385	30,350	
Aug-18	385	30,850	
Sep-18	376	31,650	
*The actual prices may vary depending or			

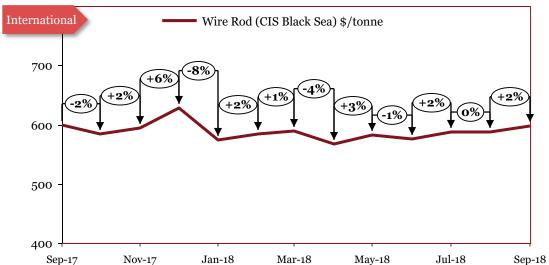
The actual prices may vary depending on' city, player, grade etc.

Outlook

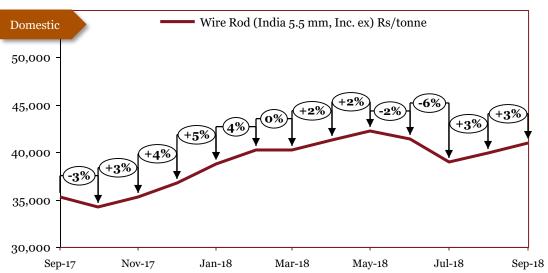
In March, the international prices remained flat owing to the continued decrease in the raw material prices. In the domestic market the prices declined as the supply of raw materials stabilised. In April, the international prices increased owing to the increased demand. The domestic prices increased on back of the rising domestic steel prices. In May, the international prices increased initially due to increased purchasing activity, however, this slowed down after buyers' restocking activity, resulting in stable prices. Domestic prices continued to increase at a steady pace. In June, international prices increased due to higher deal prices in Italy, where buyers accepted higher offers as they needed to restock. Domestic pig iron prices declined in June on back of increased supply in the market. In July, domestic prices declined in line with falling domestic steel prices. Further, seasonally subdued demand along with dull export market created downward pressure on prices. In August, domestic pig iron prices increased in line with the rising steel prices. Further, rising raw material prices have also pushed up the price. In September, domestic pig iron prices increased during the month on back of higher raw material cost and rising steel prices.

Source: Crisil

Wire Rod



Monthly Average Prices		
Period	Period ^*Int'l (\$/tonne)	
Oct-17	584	34,244
Nov-17	593	35,244
Dec-17	627	36,744
Jan-18	574	38,744
Feb-18	584	40,244
Mar-18	588	40,244
Apr-18	568	41,244
May-18	583	42,244
Jun-18	576	41,444
Jul-18	587	38,944
Aug-18	587	39,944
Sep-18	597	40,944



*The actual prices may vary depending on city, player, grade etc.

Outlook

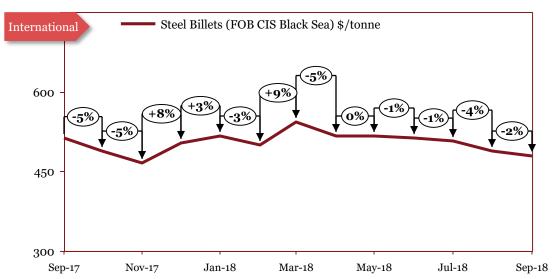
In January 2018, the international and domestic prices increased due to hike in the raw material prices. In Feb 2018, the international and domestic prices continued to increase due to increased demand. In March, the international prices increased on back of the high raw material prices and robust demand. In domestic market, the prices remained flat due to downward pressure from the lower demand. In April, the international prices decreased owing to the slower demand. Domestic prices increased owing to the improved demand. In May, international prices increased due to improved demand. Domestic prices increased due to demand outpacing supply. In June, international prices declined owing to subdued demand. Domestic prices decreased primarily owing to muted demand due to onset of monsoon. In July, international prices increased and domestic prices continued to decline owing to decreased demand due to the monsoon season. In August, declining trend in domestic prices was reversed due to small and medium sized players increasing prices due to increased demand. In September, domestic prices increased led by healthy domestic demand and rise in raw material costs..

Source: Crisil

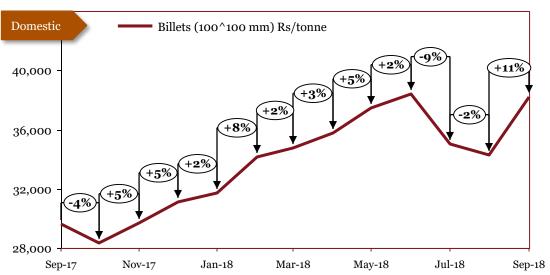
Source: Crisil

^Prices have been retrospectively revised by the source due to change in base year

Steel Billets



Monthly Average Prices		
Period	^*Int'l (\$/tonne)	*Dom (Rs/tonne)
Oct-17	489	28,133
Nov-17	465	29,383
Dec-17	503	30,375
Jan-18	516	31,375
Feb-18	500	33,800
Mar-18	543	34,733
Apr-18	517	34,700
May-18	516	37,467
Jun-18	513	38,367



*The actual prices may vary depending on city, player, grade etc.

507

487

479

35,050

34,300

38,200

Outlook

In Feb 2018, the international prices remained constant owing to the balanced market conditions. However, in the domestic market prices increased due to increase in the raw material prices. In March, International prices remained flat owing to the limited demand. However, the domestic prices increased due to robust demand. In April, the international and domestic prices remained flat owing to the limited activity in the market. In May, the rate of price increase in international markets fell due to decrease in scrap prices and market activity. Domestic prices increased owing to a pick-up in demand coupled with limited inventories. In June, international prices fell due to muted demand amid the threat of an escalating global trade war. Domestic prices rose on account of short supply of scrap. In July, prices in the domestic market fell due to decreased demand owing to fall in construction activity because of the monsoon season and reduced ability to export owing to international trade wars. In August, domestic prices continued to fall. In September, domestic prices increased primarily owing to increased off-take of medium size mills, lower inventories coupled with elevated input material costs.

Source: Crisil

Source: Crisil

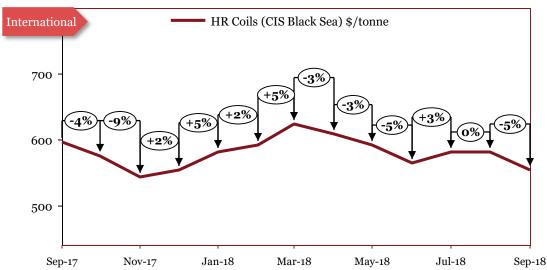
^International prices changed due to change in the grade

Jul-18

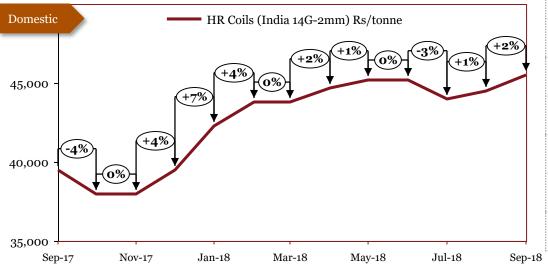
Aug-18

Sep-18

Hot-Rolled (HR) Coils



Monthly Average Prices				
Period	*Int'l (\$/tonne)	^*Dom (Rs/tonne)		
Oct-17	576	38,000		
Nov-17	544	38,000		
Dec-17	555	39,500		
Jan-18	581	42,300		
Feb-18	592	43,800		
Mar-18	624	43,800		
Apr-18	608	44,700		
May-18	592	45,200		
Jun-18	565	45,200		
Jul-18	581	44,000		



The actual p	rices may	vary dej	pending
	on city, pl	layer, gr	ade etc.

581

554

Aug-18

Sep-18

Outlook

In March, the international prices increased owing to the increased demand. In the domestic market, the prices increased initially, however, lower demand pushed the prices downward leading to flat rate. In April, the international prices decreased owing to the muted demand. However, the domestic prices increased due to imbalance of supply-demand and lower inventories. In May, international prices declined due to muted demand. Domestic prices increased due to lower inventories, increase in demand and higher raw material prices. In June, international HR prices declined by about 5% led by muted demand prospects whereas domestic prices remained stable. In July, domestic prices declined on account of weak demand amid seasonal slowdown. Prices also fell due to increased competition in exports to South East Asia market. Prices increased in August on the domestic front on account of higher raw material prices like iron ore. In the beginning of the month, large players had rolled over the prices, however, on account of muted demand prices fell down. Hike in HR prices can also be attributed to iron ore prices increasing from the second week. In September, prices increased on the domestic front on account of higher raw material prices like iron ore.

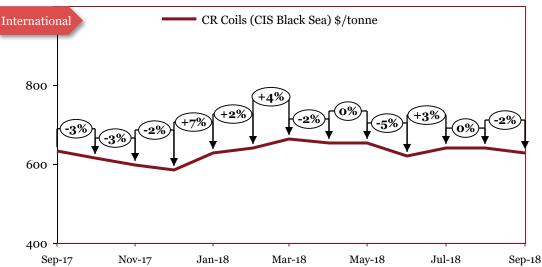
Source: Crisil

Source: Crisil

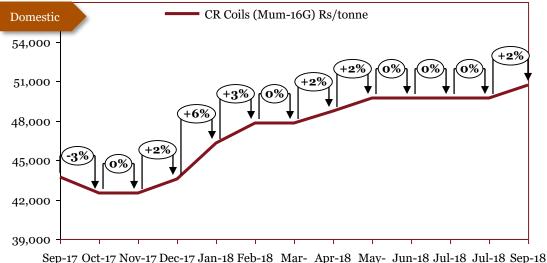
44,500

45,500

Cold-Rolled (CR) Coils



Monthly Average Prices				
Period	*Int'l (\$/tonne)	^*Dom (Rs/tonne)		
Oct-17	615	42,522		
Nov-17	597	42,522		
Dec-17	585	43,522		
Jan-18	627	46,322		
Feb-18	640	47,822		
Mar-18	664	47,822		
Apr-18	652	48,722		
May-18	652	49,722		
Jun-18	621	49,722		
Jul-18	640	49,722		
Aug-18	640	49,722		



The actual prices may vary depend	ing
on citu, plauer, arade	etc.

50,722

627

Sep-18

Outlook

In January 2018, the CR prices followed similar trends as that of HR prices. In Feb 2018, the CR coils prices followed the HR coils price trends in domestic as well as international market. In March 2018, the CR coils prices followed the HR coils price trends in domestic as well as in the international market. In April, the CR coils followed the HR coils trends. In May, international CR prices remained flat due to tepid demand. Domestic prices increased due to rise in demand owing to lower inventories. International CR coil prices declined in June on back of decline of 5% in International HR prices. Domestic CR prices remained stable, mirroring HR prices trend. In July, international CR prices rose on the back of rise in international HR prices. Domestic CR prices remained stable in August. In September, International CR coil prices declined on back of declining international HR prices. Domestic CR prices increased during the month, following the same trend as that of the HR coils.

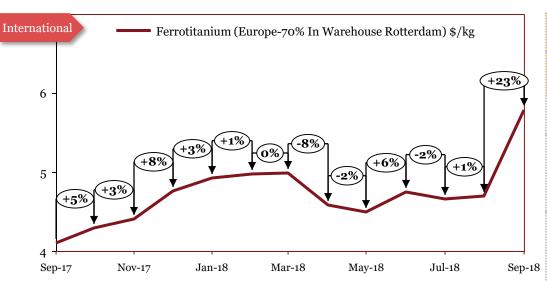
Source: Crisil

Source: Crisil.

Ferro-alloys

Ferro-alloys		15
7	Ferro titanium	16
8	Ferro chrome	17
9	Ferro molybdenum	18
10	Ferro vanadium	19
11	Ferro silicon	20
12	EN8 Alloy Steel (Forging)	21
13	Stainless Steel	22
14	20MnCr5 Alloy Steel (Forging)	23

Ferro titanium



Grade specifications changed from Metal Bulletin to Asian Metals

Source: Bloomberg

Relevant domestic price data not available	

Monthly Average Prices		
^*Int'l (\$/kg)		
4.29		
4.40		
4.76		
4.93		
4.98		
4.98		
4.59		
4.50		
4.75		
4.66		
4.70		
5.78		

*The actual prices may vary depending on city, player, grade etc.

Outlook

Domestic

In October, the prices increased owing to the increased demand. In November and December, the prices increased as due to limited production by sellers owing to the contractual agreements restricting them to address the spot market demand. In January 2018, the prices increased owing to the steady increase in demand. In Feb 2018, the prices remained steady due to balanced market conditions. The traders are awaiting tenders from the global steel mills for deciding the price direction. In March, the prices in Europe increased on the back of the increasing demand. In April and May, prices in the global market declined due to lower demand. Prices increased in June and declined in July due to seasonal slowdown. In August, prices increased due to persistent low supply. Global prices in September increased due to tightness in ferro-titanium availability as well as higher grade scrap - particularly from Russia. In addition, consumer activity picking up after seasonal slowdown also led to increase in prices.

^International prices changed due to change in grades at the source

Ferro chrome



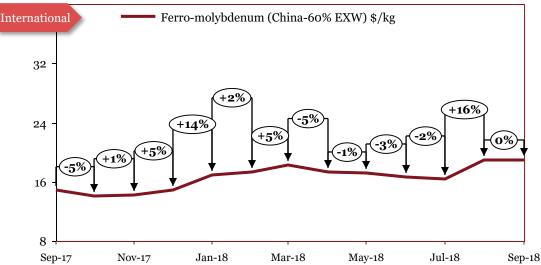
Outlook

In April the international prices decreased owing to the deteriorating Chinese stainless steel market which caused lowering of demand. Similar trends were observed in the domestic market. In May, international and domestic markets experienced price decrease owing to the decreased demand. In June, international prices increased by about 2% on account of improved demand for stainless steel in China and on domestic front, similar price trend followed. In July, international index price of ferro chrome declined on account of oversupply in the market. On domestic front, similar price trend was followed with prices declining as demand in China is weak, pushing domestic producers to lower prices. In August, international price of ferro chrome declined on account of lackluster demand in China. Further, due to increased production there is abundant supply of the commodity in China. However, on account of lower demand from stainless steel market, demand for the commodity has been impacted. In September, international price of ferro chrome declined on account of muted demand in China. On domestic front, prices increased owing to firm demand and low inventory.

Source: Crisil

on city, player, grade etc.

Ferro molybdenum



Grade specifications	changed from M	letal Bulletin to	Asian Metals
		Sourc	e: Bloomberg

Monthly Average Prices		
Period	*^Int'l (\$/kg)	
Oct-17	14	
Nov-17	14	
Dec-17	15	
Jan-18	17	
Feb-18	17	
Mar-18	18	
Apr-18	17	
May-18	17	
Jun-18	17	
Jul-18	16	
Aug-18	19	

*The actual prices may vary depending on city, player, grade etc.

19

Domestic

Relevant domestic price data not available

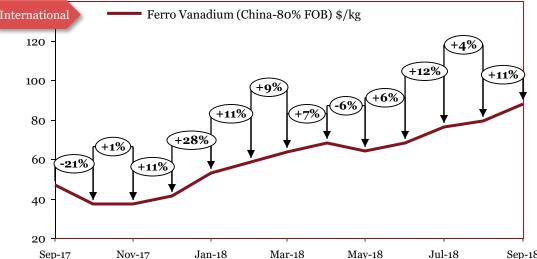
Outlook

In September, the prices continued to increase owing to the increasing demand from the Asian markets. In October, the prices decreased due to subdued demand. In December, the prices increased due to tight supply, restocking and increased costs of raw materials. In January 2018, the prices continued to increase on back of the rising demand. In Feb 2018, the prices increased due to continued demand. The prices in March increased as the demand increased. In May, production from Chinese ferro molybdenum producers and global copper producers (molybdenum is produced as a by-product of copper production) acted as a cap for ferro molybdenum prices by enabling stable supply. In June and July, prices continued with declining trend. In August, declining trend in prices was reversed on account of firm demand. In September, prices remained stable.

^International prices changed due to change in grades at the source

Sep-18

Ferro vanadium



Grade specifications	changed f	from Metal	Bulletin to	Asian Metals
			Source	e · Bloomhera

Monthly Average Prices		
Period	*Int'l (\$/kg)	
Oct-17	37	
Nov-17	37	
Dec-17	41	
Jan-18	53	
8 Feb-18	59	
Mar-18	64	
Apr-18	68	
May-18	64	
Jun-18	68	
Jul-18	76	
Aug-18	79	

Monthly Avonogo Price

*The actual prices may vary depending on city, player, grade etc.

Sep-18

88

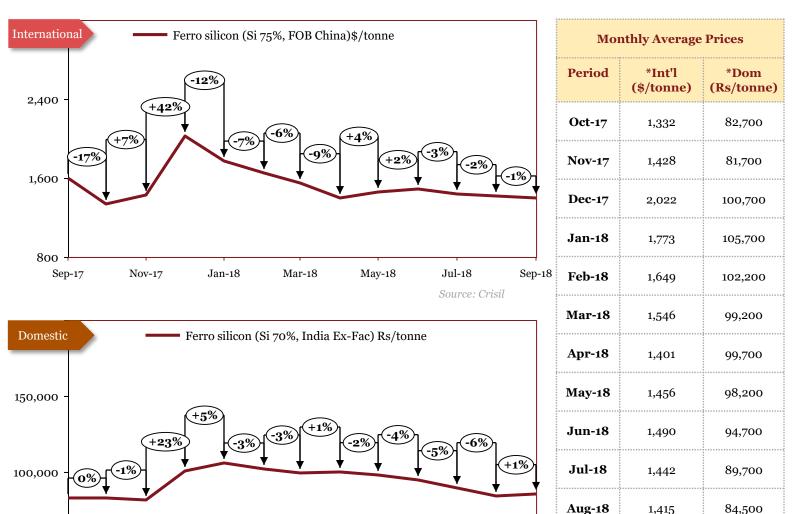
Domestic

Relevant domestic price data not available

Outlook

In October, the prices reduced owing to the slack in overall demand and increased supply from China. In November and December, the prices increased due to limited supply and steady demand. In January 2018, the prices continued to increase due to restricted supply from China. Increase in local demand in China for ferro vanadium has restricted the supplies globally. Moreover, the rising prices of Vanadium has also put an upward pressure on the ferro vanadium prices. In Feb 2018, the prices continued to increase due to supply tightness in Europe, US and China. In March, the prices increased owing to the rising supply constraints. In April, the prices increased owing to the increased demand. In May, prices registered a decline due to limited demand. In June and July, prices witnessed increase due to persistent tight supply in the international market. In August, prices continued to rise. In September, global prices continued with increasing trend due to global supply constraints.

Ferro silicon



*The actual prices may vary depending on city, player, grade etc.

1,401

Sep-18

Sep-18

Outlook

50,000

Sep-17

In April, the international prices decreased substantially, however, the domestic prices increased marginally owing to the continued demand. In May, international prices rose due to decreased production owing to pollution control restrictions in China. Domestic prices fell due to decrease in demand. International prices increased in June due to increased prices in China owing to tight supply and improved demand form European markets. Domestic prices decreased by about 4% owing to sale of commodity below the industry average price by few producers to meet their urgent cash requirement. This has led to downward trend in prices as many producers are reducing their offer price, resulting in demand-supply imbalance in the market. International ferro silicon prices declined in July 2018 as inventory levels have increased resulting in increased supply in the market. Domestic ferro silicon prices decreased in line with global prices. International ferro silicon prices declined in August on account of low demand for the commodity. Domestic ferro silicon prices declined on account of low demand for the commodity. Domestic ferro silicon prices increased, on account of limited inventory.

May-18

Jul-18

Source: Crisil

Nov-17

Jan-18

Mar-18

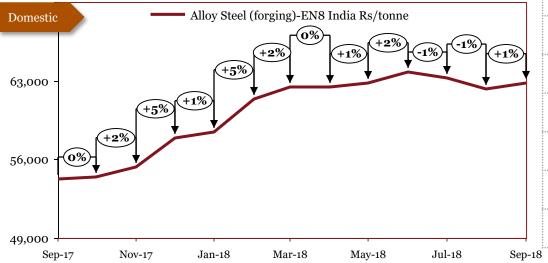
85,500

EN8 Alloy Steel (Forging)

Data not available for relevant (comparable to domestic) grades	

Period	*Dom (Rs/tonne)
Oct-17	54,437
Nov-17	55,300
Dec-17	57,860
Jan-18	58,400
Feb-18	61,400
Mar-18	62,400
Apr-18	62,400
May-18	62,750
Jun-18	63,800
Jul-18	63,200
Aug-18	62,300
Sep-18	62,800

Monthly Average Prices



*The actual prices may vary depending on city, player, grade etc.

Outlook

International

The influx of global manufacturers is also expected to boost the demand. Thus, the long term prospects seems promising for the forging industry as a whole. In November, increase in the domestic iron ore prices has resulted in the increase of alloy steel prices. In December, the price hike can be attributed to the rising cost of raw materials. In January and Feb, the prices continued to increase due to increase in the raw material prices. In March, the domestic prices increased due to increased demand. In April, prices remained constant due to stable market conditions and increased in May along with other steel products. Similarly, prices increased in June in step with other steel products. In July, prices fell due to unfavourable demand. In August, prices continued to fall. In September, prices increased along with price rise in other steel products.

Source: PwC Research

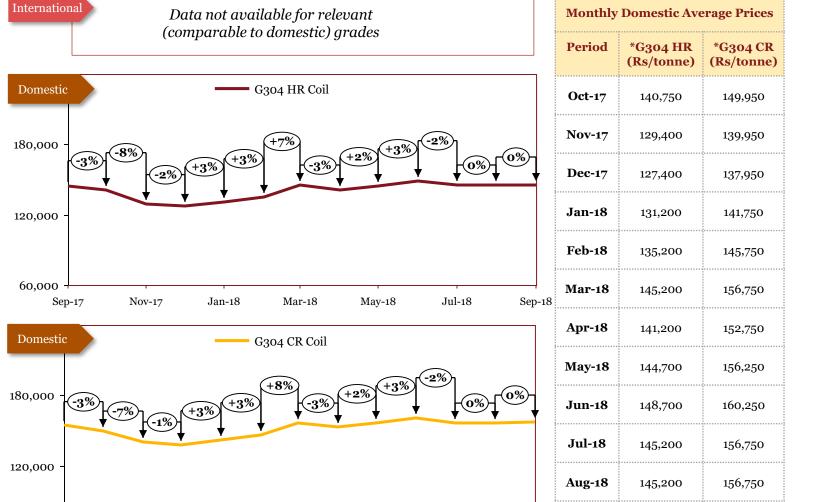
Sep-18

Sep-18

145,700

*The actual prices may vary depending

Stainless Steel



Outlook

Sep-17

60,000

In September, the rise in the prices could seemingly be caused by the increasing prices of nickel and other base metals. In October, the international prices decreased owing to the decrease in demand from China. In November, the domestic prices followed the suit of international prices, which decreased owing to the reduced demand in China. In December, the domestic prices decreased due to low export demand, caused by stable supply from China. In January 2018, the domestic prices increased owing to the increase in the zinc prices. In Feb 2018, the increase in the domestic prices continued on the back of the rising input material prices. In March, the prices continued to increase on the back of the rising demand. In April, the domestic prices decreased owing to the reduced demand and continued higher supply. In May, declining trend was reversed as prices increased. In June, prices increased owing to strong demand. In July, domestic prices for stainless steel declined following global cues. In August, prices remained the same owing to stable market conditions. In September, prices continued to remain stable.

Jul-18

Source: PwC Research

Nov-17

Jan-18

Mar-18

May-18

157,250

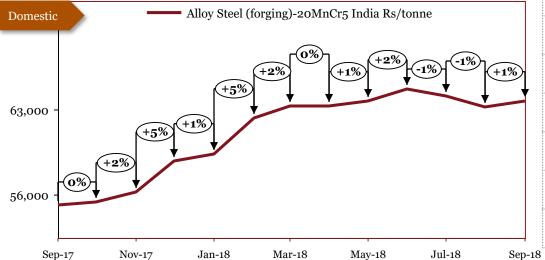
on city, player, grade etc.

20MnCr5 Alloy Steel (Forging)

Data not available for relevant
(comparable to domestic) grades

•	8
Period	*Dom (Rs/tonne)
Oct-17	55,437
Nov-17	56,300
Dec-17	58,860
Jan-18	59,400
Feb-18	62,400
Mar-18	63,400
Apr-18	63,400
May-18	63,750
Jun-18	64,800
Jul-18	64,200
Aug-18	63,300
Sep-18	63,800

Monthly Average Prices



*The actual prices may vary depending on city, player, grade etc.

Outlook

International

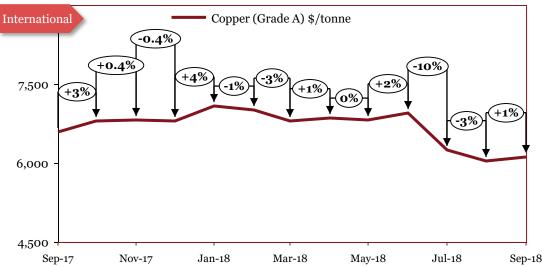
The influx of global manufacturers is also expected to boost the demand. Thus, the long term prospects seems promising for the forging industry as a whole. In November, increase in the domestic iron ore prices has resulted in the increase of alloy steel prices. In December, the price hike can be attributed to the rising cost of raw materials. In January and Feb, the prices continued to increase due to increase in the raw material prices. In March, the domestic prices increased due increased demand. In April, prices remained constant due to stable market conditions and increased in May along with other steel products. In June, prices increased in step with other steel products. Similarly, prices in the domestic market fell in line with other steel products owing to muted demand. In August, process continued to fall. In September, domestic prices reversed declining trend.

Source: PwC Research

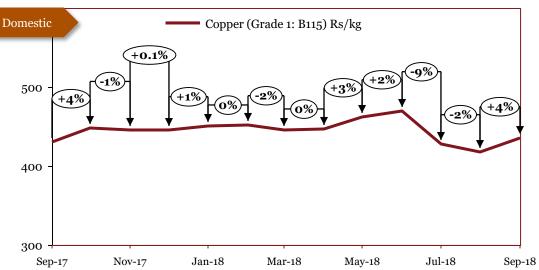
Base Metals

Base Metals		24
15	Copper	25
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19	Magnesium	20

Copper



Monthly Average Prices			
Period *Int'l (\$/tonne)		*Dom (Rs/kg)	
Oct-17	6,797	448	
Nov-17	6,825	445	
Dec-17	6,801	446	
Jan-18	7,080	451	
Feb-18	7,001	452	
Mar-18	6,795	445	
Apr-18	6,852	447	
May-18	6,821	462	
Jun-18	6,954	469	
Jul-18	6,248	428	
Aug-18	6,039	418	
Sep-18	6,020	436	



The actual prices may vary depending* on city, player, grade etc.

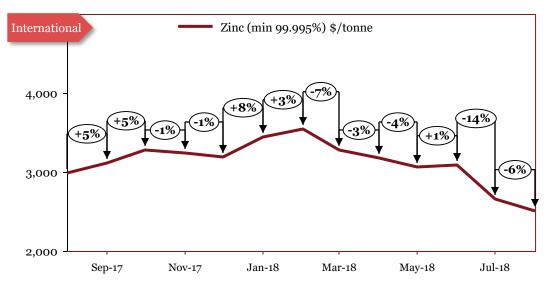
Outlook

In March, the international prices decreased owing to the strengthening of the dollar and simmering trade concerns between US and China. Domestic market followed suit. In April, the domestic and international prices remained flat due to limited movement in the market. In May, international prices remained flat due to stable supply and demand, however, the domestic prices increased due to a supply crunch caused by the shut down of Vedanta plant in Tamilnadu. In June, international copper prices increased due to an escalating trade war between US and China. Domestic prices rose on account of reduced supply resulting from aforementioned closure of Sterlite Copper's plant. In July, copper prices in the international market fell due to escalating trade war fears and fears of weakening demand from China. Domestic prices also fell due to developments in the international market. In August, international market prices declined owing to dampened demand that can be attributed to fall in value of emerging market currencies. Domestic market prices reflected the trend in international markets. In September, global prices fell further while domestic prices reversed declining trend.

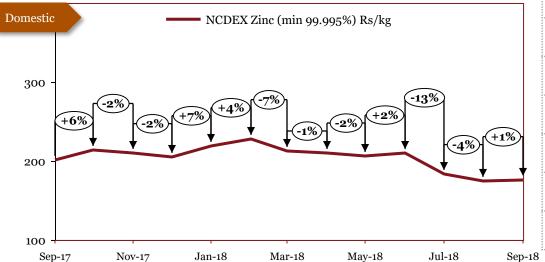
Source: LME

Source: MCX

Zinc



Monthly Average Prices		
Period	Period *Int'l *Dom (\$/tonne) (Rs/kg)	
Oct-17	3,274 214	
Nov-17	3,236	210
Dec-17	3,192	205
Jan-18	3,447	219
Feb-18	3,539 228	
Mar-18	3,280 213	
Apr-18	3,183 210	
May-18	3,057 206	
Jun-18	3,091 210	
Jul-18	8 2,658 183	
Aug-18	2,510 175	
Sep-18 2,433 176		176



*The actual prices may vary depending on city, player, grade etc.

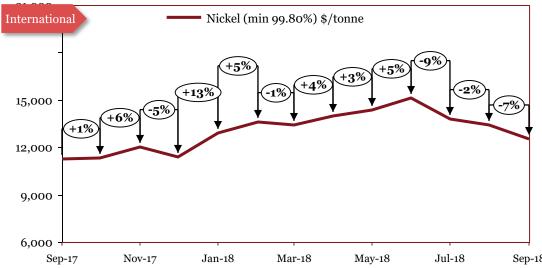
Outlook

In January 2018, prices increased owing to the increased demand in the international and domestic markets. In Feb 2018, the international and domestic zinc prices increased due to increased demand. In March, the international prices decreased owing to the strengthening of the dollar and simmering trade concerns between US and China. Domestic market followed suit. In April, the international and domestic zinc prices decreased owing to the decrease in the demand. In May, international prices fell due to increased supply. Domestic prices fell due to similar increase in output. In June, decline in international prices and domestic prices was stemmed. In July, international prices fell due to surplus supplies and a narrowing deficit. The decline in prices was further catalyzed by escalating trade tensions. Domestic prices fell on the back of weak global cues amid easing demand from consuming industries. In August, zinc prices crashed owing to excess supply in the market and muted demand from China. In September, international prices fell further while domestic prices rose amid sustained demand from alloy industries.

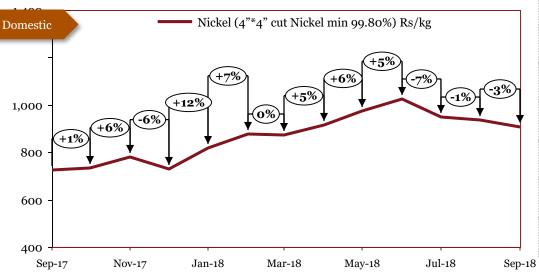
Source: LME

Source: NCDEX

Nickel



	Monthly Average Prices		
	Period *Int'l (\$/tonne)		*Dom (Rs/kg)
	Oct-17 11,320		735
	Nov-17	11,990	779
	Dec-17	11,406	730
	Jan-18	12,876	816
8 Feb-18 13,57		13,573	875
	Mar-18 13,400	13,400	873
	Apr-18 13,965		915
	May-18	14,352	970
	Jun-18	15,107	1025
	Jul-18	13,768	948
	Aug-18	13,429	936
Sep-18 12,524		12,524	906



*The actual prices may vary depending on city, player, grade etc.

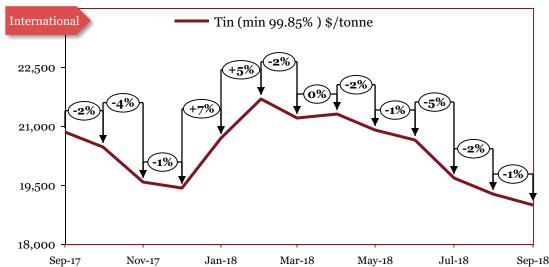
Outlook

In January 2018, the international prices increased due to supply constraints caused by halting of operations at Madagascar's Ambatovy nickel mine, one of the largest nickel producing mines globally, due to damage caused by a cyclone. Domestic prices followed suit. In Feb 2018, the international prices increased owing to the weaker dollar. Domestic prices followed suit. In March, the geopolitical instability put a downward pressure on the nickel prices, however, the increasing demand offset the expected decline in the prices. In April, the international prices increased owing to fear of Rusal sanctions being extended to the Nornickel, company linked with Rusal. Domestic prices followed suit. In May, nickel prices increased due to lower inventories, stronger demand and a weaker dollar. In June, domestic and overseas nickel prices rose after a blast at an iron ore mine in China and amid falling inventories. In addition, anticipation of increased electric vehicle demand and strong demand in the Stainless Steel sector further supported prices. In July, prices in the international market fell due to excess supply and ongoing trade dispute between US and China. Domestic prices followed suit. In August, prices declined following the trend in base metal prices. In September, prices continued to fall.

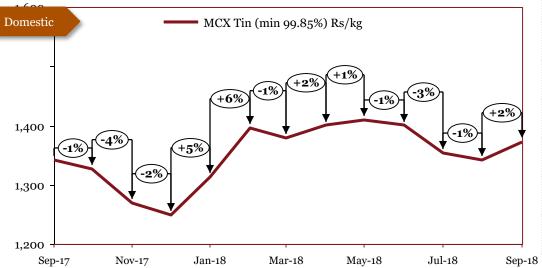
Source: LME

Source: NCDEX

Tin



Monthly Average Prices		
Period	*Int'l (\$/tonne)	*Dom (Rs/kg)
Oct-17	20,459	1,326
Nov-17	19,567	1,269
Dec-17	19,432	1,248
Jan-18	20,703	1,313
Feb-18	21,681	1,395
Mar-18	21,203	1379
Apr-18	21,293	1,400
May-18	20,888	1,410
Jun-18	20,652	1,400
Jul-18	19,689	1,353
Aug-18	19,268	1,342
Sep-18	18,990	1,372



*The actual prices may vary depending on city, player, grade etc.

Outlook

In December, the international and domestic prices continued to follow the same trend as that in the last month. In January 2018, the prices increased due to increased demand. In Feb 2018, the LME tin prices increased riding on weaker dollar and continued demand. Domestic market followed suit. In the month of March, the LME tin prices declined due to strengthening dollar. Domestic market followed suit. In May, tin prices declined due to higher inventories owing to rising Indonesian exports and order cancellations by buyers. Domestic prices rose due to higher industrial demand. In June, international tin prices fell owing to weak demand. In July, tin prices decreased in line with decrease with price trends for other base metals. In August, prices declined owing to strong dollar and weakening emerging market currencies in the international market. In September, international prices continued to fall while domestic prices witnessed reversed trend.

Source: LME

Source: MCX

Magnesium



rade specifications	changed from Met	tal Bulletin to Asian Metals
		Source: Bloombera

Monthly Average Prices		
Period *Int'l (\$/tonne)		
Oct-17	2,347	
Nov-17	2,343	
Dec-17	2,506	
Jan-18	2,509	
Feb-18	2,622	
Mar-18	2,556	
Apr-18	2,440	
May-18	2,565	
Jun-18	2,569	
Jul-18	2,612	
Aug-18	2,675	
Sep-18 2,708		

*The actual prices may vary depending on city, player, grade etc.

Domestic

Relevant domestic price data not available

Outlook

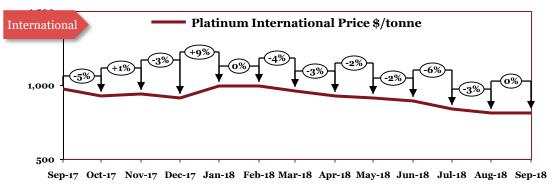
The global consumers vary to use magnesium as a long term substitute due to Chinese export quotas and duties. However, the recent explorations of this metal in North America might reduce the dependence on the Chinese supply and make the industrial use of magnesium more streamlined. Prices remained more or less stable in July. The prices increased drastically in August owing to the reduced supply from China. In September, the prices decreased owing to the increased supply from Chinese refineries. In December, the prices increased owing to the higher raw material costs. In January 2018, the market remained stable resulting in no fluctuations in prices. In Feb 2018, prices increased due to supply deficits and continued demand. In March, the prices declined due to decrease in the raw material prices. In April, the prices decreased owing to the slack in demand. In May, June and July, magnesium prices have witnessed increasing trend owing to favourable market conditions. In August, prices continued to rise. In September, prices rose on account of tighter supply.

^International prices changed due to change in grades at the source

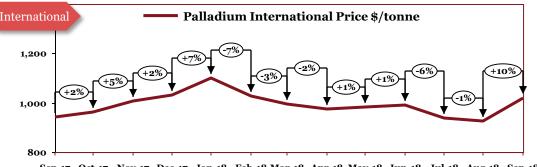
Precious Metals

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20	Precious Metals	31

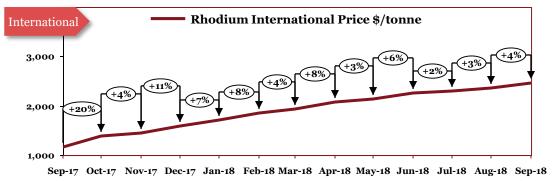
Precious Metals







Sep-17 Oct-17 Nov-17 Dec-17 Jan-18 Feb-18 Mar-18 Apr-18 May-18 Jun-18 Jul-18 Aug-18 Sep-18



Source: Johnson Matthey

*The actual prices may vary depending on city, player, grade etc.

924

1,017

2,358

2,463

809

808

Aug-18

Sep-18

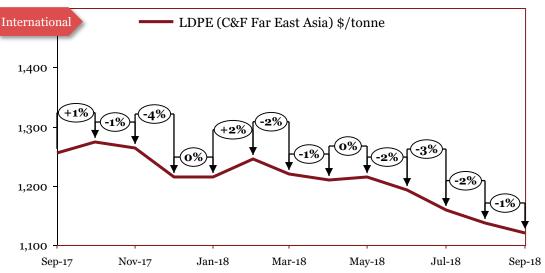
Outlook

Palladium prices decreased seemingly due to continued uncertain climate on the back drop of US's announcement of tariffs on the steel and aluminium imports. In April, the prices continued to decrease owing to the slack in demand. In May, platinum prices continued to fall due to lower demand. Continued decline in palladium prices was stemmed and rhodium continued to rise due to strong industrial demand. In June, platinum prices continued to fall owing to concern over future demand and state of diesel car sales whereas rhodium and palladium prices registered an increase. In July, platinum prices experienced downward pressure by trade tensions and the prospect of higher electricvehicle adoption. Palladium prices experienced decline whereas rhodium prices increased owing to favorable market conditions. In August, platinum and palladium prices continued to fall owing to strong dollar. In September, rhodium prices increased owing to constricted supply from South Africa. Palladium prices increased on account of expected increase in the amount of palladium needed in every car owing to new emissions standards in China for cars becoming effective in 2020. Concerns over the intensifying trade dispute between the U.S. and China is also a contributor to the gains in palladium prices more recently.

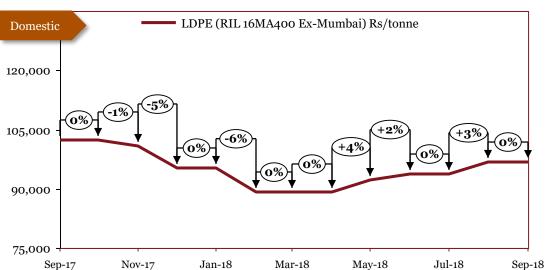
Polymers & Rubber

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22	Polypropylene (PP)	34
23	Rubber	35

Low density polyethylene (LDPE)



Monthly Average Prices					
Period	*Int'l (\$/tonne)	*Dom (Rs/tonne)			
Oct-17	1,273	102,360			
Nov-17	1,263	100,860			
Dec-17	1,214	95,360			
Jan-18	1,215	95,360			
Feb-18	1,245	89,190			
Mar-18	1,220	89,190			
Apr-18	1,210	89,190			
May-18	1,214	92,319			
Jun-18	1,192	93,819			
Jul-18	1,159	93,819			
Aug-18	1,137	96,819			
Sep-18	1,121	96,819			



Source: Crisil

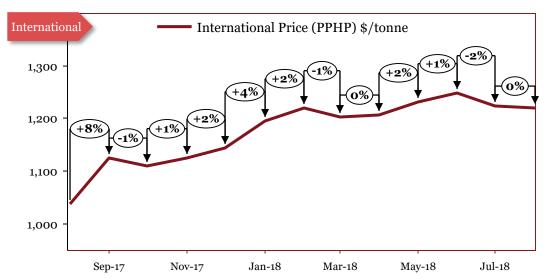
The actual prices may vary depending* on city, player, grade etc.

Outlook

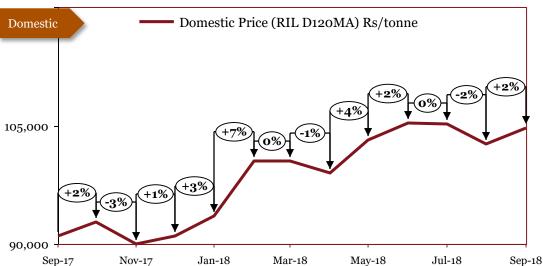
In January 2018, the international and domestic prices remained stable as there was no significant movement in the market. In Feb 2018, the LDPE international prices increased due to increased demand and constrained supply caused by the maintenance shutdowns in several plants globally. In the domestic market, the prices decreased owing to the decrease in the ethylene feed stock prices. In March, the international prices decreased due to ample inventories. The domestic market remained stable. In April, the international prices decreased due to ample supply. In the domestic market, the prices remained flat for most of the month, however, the prices increased towards the end of the month. In May, international prices remained stable. In June, international prices witnessed decline whereas domestic prices continued to rise. In July, international prices fell owing to fall in feedstock ethylene prices coupled with weak demand. In August, international LDPE prices decreased in spite of rise in ethylene prices. On the domestic front, RIL increased domestic and deemed export prices of LDPE. In September, international LDPE prices declined due to due to weak demand.

Source: Reliance Industries Ltd.

Polypropylene (PP)



Monthly Average Prices						
Period	*Int'l (\$/tonne)	*Dom (Rs/tonne)				
Oct-17	1,110	92,740				
Nov-17	1,125	90,058				
Dec-17	1,144	91,058				
Jan-18	1,195	93,558				
Feb-18	1,220	100,488				
Mar-18	1,203	100,488				
Apr-18	1,206	98,988				
May-18	1,231	103,128				
Jun-18	1,248	105,378				
Jul-18	1,224	105,128				
Aug-18	Aug-18 1,220					
Sep-18	1,226	104,628				



Source: Reliance Industries Ltd.

Source: Crisil

*The actual prices may vary depending on city, player, grade etc.

Outlook

In December, the international and domestic prices increased as the market remained stable with steady increase in demand. In January 2018, the prices increased on the back of increased feedstock prices, in international and domestic market alike. In Feb 2018, the international and domestic prices increased due to increase in the feedstock propylene prices. However, the increase was lower for international prices as the demand slacked due to Chinese new year holidays. In March, the international PP prices decreased owing to the decrease in feedstock prices, however, the decline was restricted by the supply constraints caused by the maintenance shutdown in various plants. The domestic market remained stable. In April, the prices of PP remained range bound. In May, international prices increased due to supply tightness on account of ongoing maintenance turnaround. Domestic prices followed suit. In June, prices rose on account of supply tightness. In July 2018, prices decreased due to decline in feedstock propylene prices coupled with weak demand. In August, despite rise in feedstock propylene prices, international prices were range bound due to weak demand. In September 2018, PP prices increased due to rise in feedstock propylene prices.

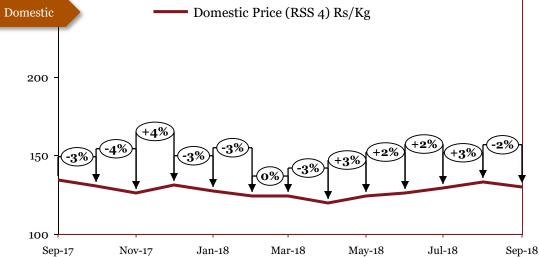
Rubber

International

Data not available for relevant (comparable to domestic) grades

Period	*Dom (Rs/kg)	
Oct-17	131	
Nov-17	126	
Dec-17	131	
Jan-18	127	
Feb-18	124	
Mar-18	124	
Apr-18	120	
May-18	124 126	
Jun-18		
Jul-18	129	
Aug-18	133	
Sep-18	130	

Monthly Average Prices



*The actual prices may vary depending on city, player, grade etc.

Outlook

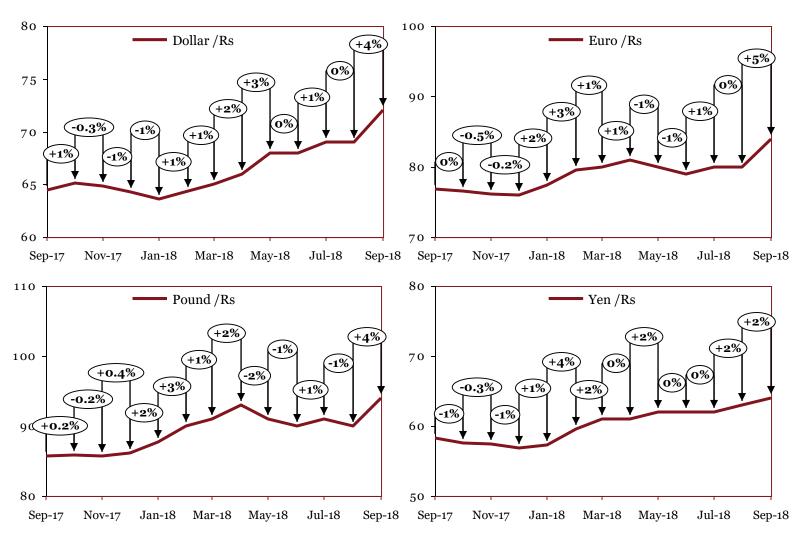
In September, the prices increased owing to the increased demand. In October, the domestic prices declined riding on the decreasing international prices. In November, the prices followed the similar trends as in the last month. In December, the rubber prices increased due to higher demand and increase in the crude oil prices. In January 2018, the prices decreased owing to weaker demand. In Feb 2018, the prices continued to decrease due to slackened demand. In March, the rubber market remained stable. In April, the prices decreased owing to the increase in the supply. In May, rising production coupled with high consumption led to an increase in prices. In June, prices rose due to supply tightness, demand from tyre manufacturers to deliver pending natural rubber contracts, and fluctuations in international prices. In July, rubber prices increased due to improved demand. In August, domestic rubber prices increased owing to floods in Kerala. In September, prices declined on account of subdued demand.

Source: Rubber board

Appendices

Appendices				
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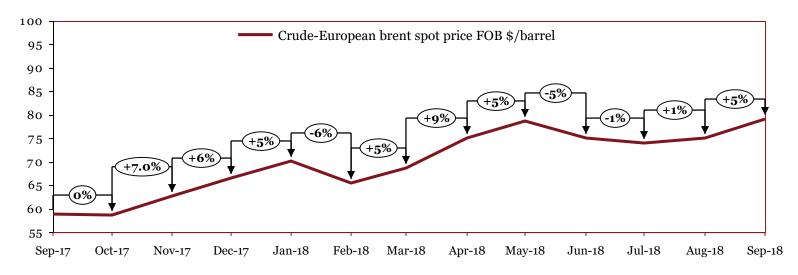
Forex Movement



Source: Reserve Bank of India

	Monthly Average Prices (Rs)											
	Oct-17	Nov-17	Dec-17	Jan-18	Feb-18	Mar-18	Apr-18	May-18	Jun-18	Jul-18	Aug-18	Sep-18
\$	65	65	64	64	64	65	66	68	68	69	69	72
£	86	86	86	88	90	91	93	91	79	80	80	84
€	76	76	76	77	79	80	81	80	90	91	90	94
¥	58	57	57	57	59	61	61	62	62	62	63	64

Crude Oil



Source: EIA

Monthly Average Prices (\$/barrel)											
Oct-17	Nov-17	Dec-17	Jan-18	Feb-18	Mar-18	Apr-18	May-18	Jun-18	Jul-18	Aug-18	Sep-18
59	63	67	70	66	69	75	79	75	74	75	79

Commodity Specifications

Commodity	International	Domestic
Iron Ore	IOECI635 Index (CIF China) - (Fe63.5%) CIF China	Crisil - Grade 1: 58% to below 60% Fe Fines - Grade 2: 60% to below 62% Fe Fines - Grade 3: 62% to below 65% Fe Fines - Grade 4: 65% and above Fe Fines
Pig Iron	Crisil -Foundry grade FOB CIS	Crisil -Foundry grade ex-factory, India
Stainless steel	NA	PwC Research -G 304 CR Coil -G 304 HR Coil
Wire rod	Crisil -CIS Black Sea (US \$/Tonne)	Crisil - Wire rods: 5.5 mm (Prices are inclusive of excise duty by exclusive of VAT/Sales tax)
Steel Billets	Crisil -FOB CIS Black Sea Previously: FOB Latin America	Crisil - 100^100 mm (Avg. prices collated from 2-3 locations)
Hot-rolled coils	Crisil -CIS FOB Black Sea	Crisil - 14G 2mm (Avg. prices collated from 2-3 locations)
Cold-rolled coils	Crisil -CIS FOB Black Sea	Crisil - Mumbai 16G (Avg. prices collated from 2-3 locations)
EN 8	NA	PwC Research -EN8 Alloy forging
20MnCr5	NA	PwC Research -Alloy forging
Ferro titanium	Ferrotitanium (Europe-70% In Warehouse Rotterdam) Previously: Ferrotitanium (min 70% in warehouse Rotterdam, Europe) \$/kg	NA
Ferro chrome	Crisil : FOB Hong Kong Cr 50%	Crisil: Ex-factory Cr 60%
Ferro molybdenum	Ferro-molybdenum (China-60% EXW) Previously: Ferro-molybdenum (65%min in warehouse Rotterdam, Europe) \$/kg	NA

Commodity Specifications

Commodity	International	Domestic
Ferro vanadium	Ferro Vanadium (80% in warehouse Pittsburgh, US) \$/kg Previously: Ferrovanadium 78-82% V max 1.5% Si FOB North America warehouse USD/lbs	NA
Ferro silicon	Crisil - FOB China Si 75%	Crisil - Ex-factory Si 70%
Aluminium	LME -Primary aluminium with impurities no greater than the chemical composition of one of the registered designations: •P1020A in the North American and International Registration Record entitled "International Designations and Chemical Composition Limits for Unalloyed Aluminium" (revised March 2007) •Al99.70 in the GB/T 1196-2008 Standard entitled "Unalloyed aluminium ingots for remelting"	NCDEX -Primary aluminium 99.7% purity (minimum) form: ingots, T-bars,
Copper	LME -Grade A copper must conform to the chemical composition of one of the following standards: •BS EN 1978:1998 - Cu-CATH-1 •GB/T 467-2010 - Cu-CATH-1 •ASTM B115-10 - cathode Grade 1	MCX - Grade 1 electrolytic copper as per B115 specification
Zinc	LME -Special high-grade zinc of 99.995% purity (minimum) must conform to the chemical composition of one of the following standards: •BS EN 1179:2003 - 99.995% grade •ISO 752:2004 - ZN-1 grade •ASTM B6-12 - LME grade •GB/T 470-2008 - Zn99.995 grade	NCDEX - Zinc of 99.995% minimum purity. Zinc must conform with the 99.995% graded chemical composition of BS EN 1179:1996 Standard entitled "Zinc and Zinc alloys primary Zinc" Form: ingots

Commodity Specifications

Commodity	International	Domestic					
Nickel	LME - Nickel of 99.80% purity (minimum) conforming to B39-79 (2013) - GB/T 6516-2010	NCDEX - 4"*4" approved pure cut Nickel of 99.80% purity (minimum)					
Tin	LME - Tin of 99.85% purity (minimum) conforming to BS EN 610:1996	MCX - The LME approved tin ingot of 99.85 purity (minimum)					
Magnesium	Magnesium (China Shanghai Changjiang Spot Price) CNY/tonne Previously: Magnesium (99.8% FOB China Main Ports Spot Price) \$/tonne						
Platinum	Metal in sponge form with minimum purities of 99.95% for platinum and palladium,						
Palladium	and 99.9% for rhodium						
Rhodium	-						
Low density polyethylene (LDPE)	International price (C&F FEA) \$/tonne	RIL-16MA400 grade					
Polypropylene (PP)	International Price (PPHP) \$/tonne	RIL-D120MA grade					
Rubber Prices	NA	NCDEX/Rubber board - RSS 4 (Ribbed Smoked Sheet 4) ex- warehouse Kochi exclusive of all taxes					
Forex Movement	RBI reference rates						
Crude	European Brent spot price FOB \$/barrel – Energy Information Administration (EIA)						



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