www.pwc.com

# Quarterly vehicle sales report - Q4 FY18 Prepared for ACMA

Strictly private and confidential

26 May 2018





## **Contents**

Executive Summary	3
Macro Economic Climate in India	(
Segment wise Q4 sales	Ç

# To navigate this report on-screen (in pdf format)

From any page – click on the section title in the header navigation bar

From this Contents page – click on the title of the section or sub-section

From the contents listing on any section divider – click on the title of the sub-section

This proposal does not constitute a contract to perform services. Final acceptance of this engagement by PricewaterhouseCoopers is contingent upon successful completion of PricewaterhouseCoopers' acceptance procedures. Any engagement arising out of this proposal will be subject to the execution of our formal engagement contract, including our standard terms and conditions and fees and billing rates established therein.

# Executive Summary

## FY18-Yearly vehicle sales and export overview

#### **OEM - Domestic sales and exports** | million units 29.7 mn 26.0 mn 24.7 mn 23.9 mn 22.3 mn **13.8% 3.**7 3.6 **14.3**% 25.6 22.4 21.0 20.3 19.1 Dom Sales Exports 2015-16

*Indian automotive domestic sales and exports grew at an overall* CAGR of 7.6 % over last 5 years.

Infrastructure improvements, revival post GST, Demonetisation				
GDP ▲ after Q2 FY18	Public capex : 24% jump in FY18			
Int. Rates dipped 0.25% in 0	Q1 FY18			

Vehicle	<b>Dom. Sales</b> CAGR FY 14-18	<b>Exports</b> CAGR FY 14-18
81.je	▲ 8.1%	<b>▲</b> 7.8%
	<b>▲</b> 7.1%	<b>▲</b> 5.9%
<u>-</u>	<b>▲</b> 7.9%	▲ 5.9%
<b>6</b>	▲ 2.9%	▲ 8.0%
TH.	<b>▲</b> 7.3%	<b>▲</b> 1.9%
TOTAL	<b>▲</b> 7.7%	▲ 6.8%

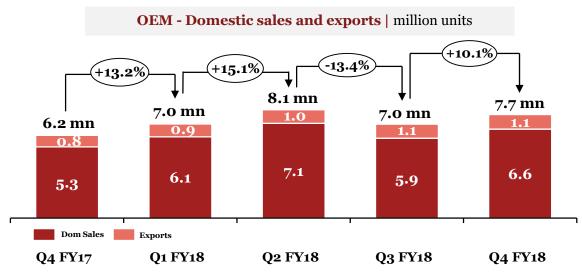
2013-14

2014-15

2016-17

2017-18

## Q4-FY18 Quarterly vehicle sales and export overview



Indian automotive domestic sales and exports grew at an overall CAGR of 5.6% over last 5 quarters

#### Infrastructure improvements, revival post GST, Demonetisation



GDP ▲ after Q2 FY18

₩

Public capex : 24% jump in FY18



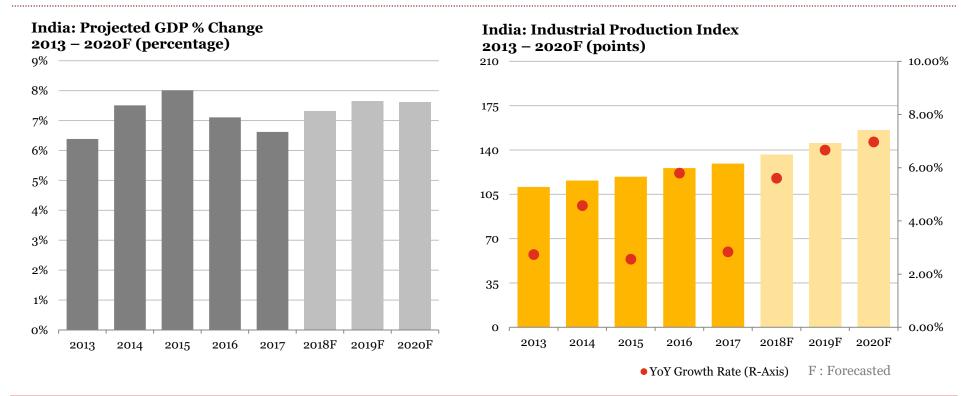
Int. Rates dipped 0.25% in Q1 FY18

Vehicle segment	<b>Dom. Sales</b> CAGR Q4 17-Q4 18	CAGR
\$1.56	<b>▲</b> 5.7%	▲ 6.4%
-	<b>1.8%</b>	<b>1.1%</b>
	<b>▲</b> 7.0%	<b>▲</b> 3.4%
6	<b>▲</b> 9.5%	<b>4</b> .1%
	<b>▲</b> 16.9%	<b>▲</b> 15.7%
TOTAL	<b>▲</b> 5.5%	▲ 5.9%

## Macro Economic Climate in India

## India-key economic indicators

#### A steady growth is expected in the foreseeable future

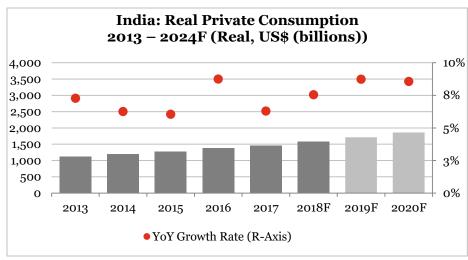


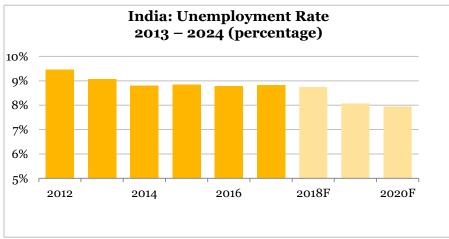
- > India economic growth slowed down in FY 17 due to two major economic events –demonetisation (ban on the higher currency notes) and GST introduction undertaken by the government
- > However, since then, the economy seems to be back on the growth track and it is predicted to grow at a healthy rate in the foreseeable future
- > The industrial production index growth slowed down due to demonetization and GST implementation, however, it is expected to grow at a healthy rate in the foreseeable future

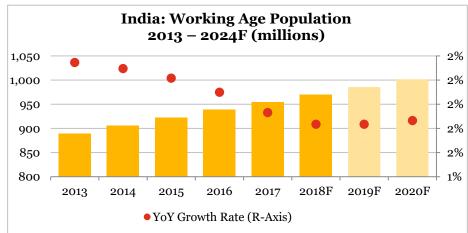
## India-key economic indicators

### The private demand indicators also show a promising scenario for batter growth prospects







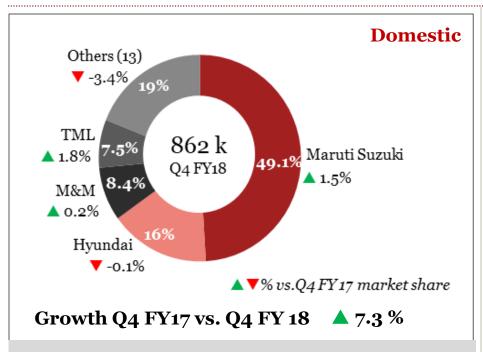


F: Forecasted

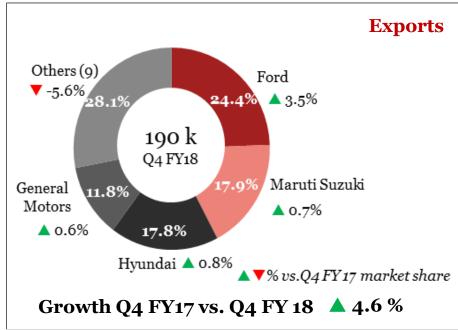
# Segment wise Q4 sales



## Passenger vehicles



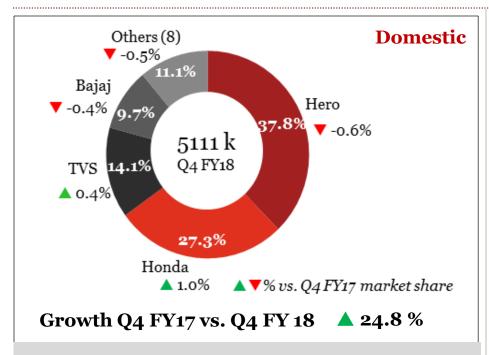
- Newly launched Dzire and Swift contributed heavily to the growth of Maruti Suzuki super compact segment
- Tata Motors witnessed QoQ increase of 42% with an aggressive stance with 3 successful model launches Hexa, Nexon and Tigor
- The share of UV segment growing steadily (+21%) due to changing consumer preferences



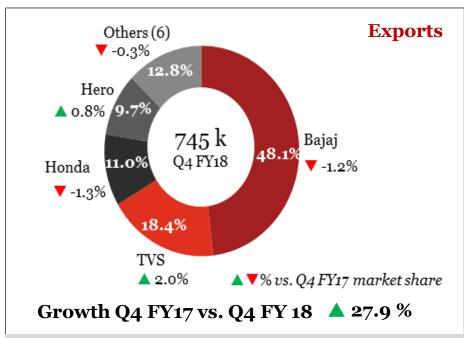
- Although the overall exports of FY18 dipped by -1.5%, Q4 saw a surge in exports push – Toyota, M&M and Ford being the major contributors
- General Motors continues to focus on its growing vehicle export manufacturing operations post ceasure of sales in the domestic market



#### 2 wheelers



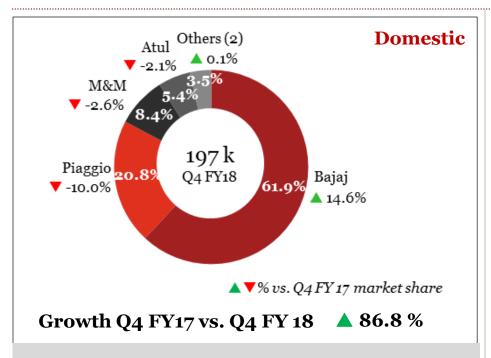
- Several new successful launches in Q4 have led to growth in domestic sales. Honda showcased 10 new models at the Auto-expo in Feb'18
- Demand recovery in rural market resulted in robust growth
- With ABS/CBS mandates effective from Q1 FY19, demand of older 2W models surged



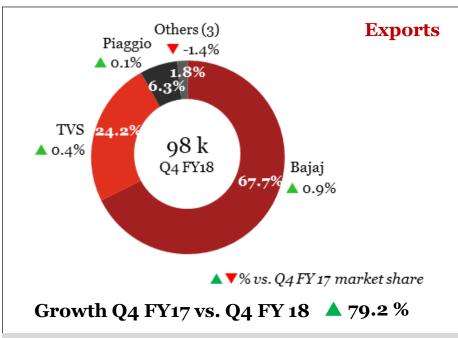
- Iran and Turkey, which are new geographies for Bajaj provided impetus to exports
- Exports recovery to Nigeria were driven by currency and economic stability
- Q4 FY17 vs. Q4 FY18 exports unit growth of top 4 players Bajaj: +25%, TVS: +44%, Honda: +14%, Hero: +40%



## 3 wheelers



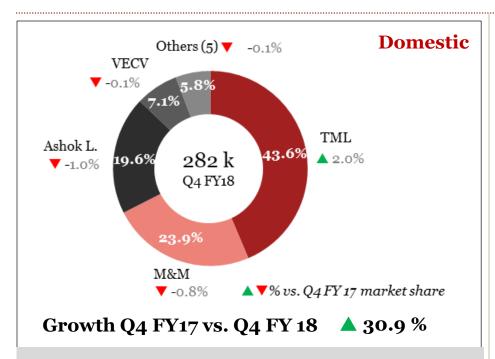
 New permits in big markets of Maharashtra, Delhi and Karnataka have led to surge in domestic sales – primary driver for demand



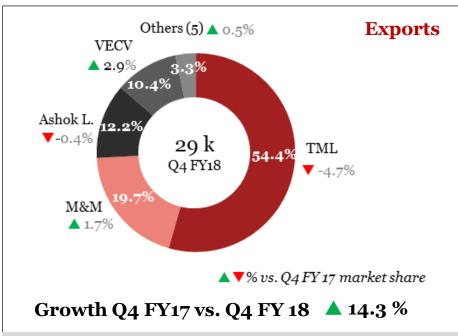
- Exports to Nigeria and Egypt witnessed strong recovery
- Top 2 players (Bajaj and TVS) together held >90% exports market share and their Q4 FY17 vs. Q4 FY18 exports unit growth is: Bajaj: +82%, TVS: +82%



#### Commercial vehicles



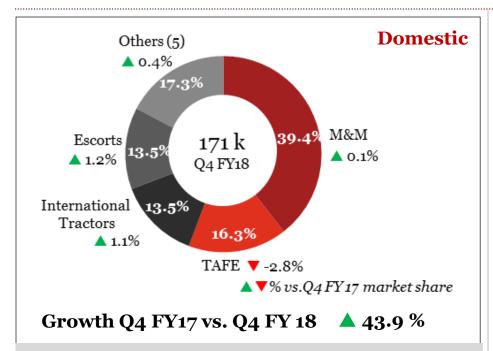
- LCV sales of Ashok Leyland grew at 57.6% YoY in the march due to new launches
- Overloading ban in Rajasthan, UP, MP and Haryana added to the volumes of CV considerably
- LCV market performed better due to two consecutive monsoon years and better crop yields



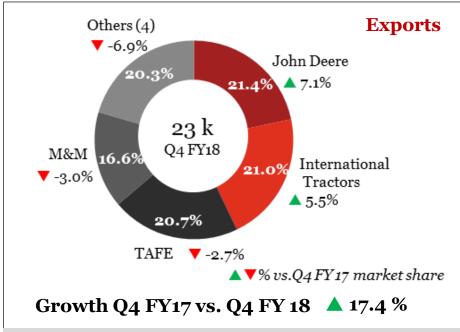
- Tata Motors remains the top exporters, the most preferred category being in the 10-16Ton range (Goods carriers)
- Most OEMs focussed on catering to the domestic markets with H2 of FY18 seeing a surge in Commercial Vehicles demand driven by increased requirement of logistics efficiency and preference higher tonnage vehicles



#### **Tractors**



- Domestic sales showed strong growth due to increasing spending on infrastructure and support for farmers
- Strong demand of tractors was led by positive rural sentiments, increase in non-agricultural income, higher rabi production and new product launches



- International tractors witnessed boost in demand from Africa where government is encouraging agriculture mechanisation
- Q4 FY17 vs. Q4 FY18 exports unit growth of top 4 players-John Deere: +76%, International Tractors: +58.8%, M&M: -0.4%, TAFE: +3.7%



### Disclaimer

This document has been prepared solely for [ACMA] Automotive Component Manufacturers Association of India, being the express addressee to this document. PwC does not accept or assume any liability, responsibility or duty of care for any use of or reliance on this document by anyone, other than (i) ACMA, to the extent agreed in the relevant contract for the matter to which this document relates (if any), or (ii) as expressly agreed by PwC in writing in advance.

This publication has been prepared for general guidance on matters of interest only, and does not constitute professional advice. You should not act upon the information contained in this publication without obtaining specific professional advice. No representation or warranty (express or implied) is given as to the accuracy or completeness of the information contained in this publication, and, to the extent permitted by law, PwC, its members, employees and agents accept no liability, and disclaim all responsibility, for the consequences of you or anyone else acting, or refraining to act, in reliance on the information contained in this publication or for any decision based on it.

This publication contains certain examples extracted from third party documentation and so being out of context from the original third party documents; readers should bear this in mind when reading the publication. The copyright in such third party material remains owned by the third parties concerned, and PwC expresses its appreciation to these companies for having allowed it to include their information in this publication. For a more comprehensive view on each company's communication, please read the entire document from which the extracts have been taken. Please note that the inclusion of a company in this publication does not imply any endorsement of that company by PwC nor any verification of the accuracy of the information contained in any of the examples.

This publication contains various companies' forward looking statements, which by their nature involve numerous assumptions, inherent risks and uncertainties, both general and specific, and risks that predictions, forecasts, projections and other forward looking statements will not be achieved. We caution readers of this publication not to place undue reliance on these forward looking statements, as a number of important factors could cause actual future results to differ materially from the plans, objectives, expectations, estimates, and intentions expressed in such forward looking statements.

#### PwC contacts for ACMA Knowledge Partnership

- Kavan Mukhtyar, Partner & Leader-Automotive, PwC India kavan.mukhtyar@pwc.com / +912261198735
- Manas Trivedi, ACMA Knowledge Partnership Manager –manas.trivedi@pwc.com / +911246266594

© 2018 PricewaterhouseCoopers Private Limited. All rights reserved. In this document, "PwC" refers to PricewaterhouseCoopers Private Limited (a limited liability company in India), which is a member firm of PricewaterhouseCoopers International Limited, each member firm of which is a separate legal entity

<sup>\*\*</sup> This map is not to scale. It is an indicative outline intended for general reference use only.