Quarterly vehicle industry performance – Q3 FY22 Prepared for ACMA

Strictly private and confidential

January 2022





Contents	Executive Summary	3
	Segment-wise Q3 FY 22 Industry Performance	6

To navigate this report on-screen (in pdf format)

From any page – click on the section title in the header navigation bar

From this Contents page – click on the title of the section or sub-section

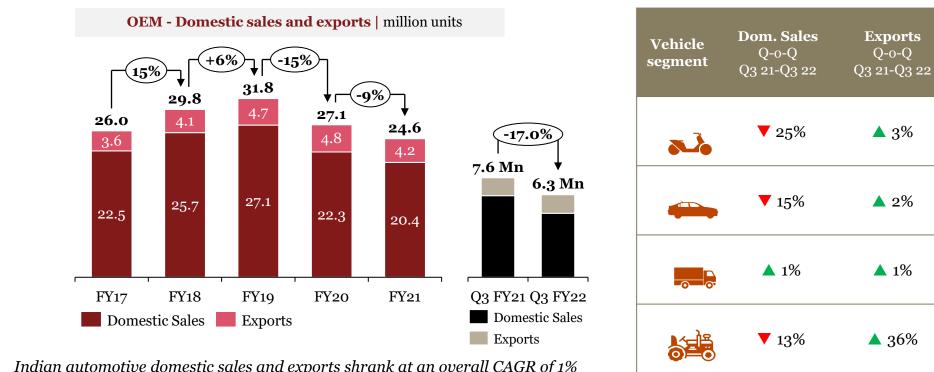
From the contents listing on any section divider – click on the title of the sub-section

This proposal does not constitute a contract to perform services. Final acceptance of this engagement by PricewaterhouseCoopers is contingent upon successful completion of PricewaterhouseCoopers' acceptance procedures. Any engagement arising out of this proposal will be subject to the execution of our formal engagement contract, including our standard terms and conditions and fees and billing rates established therein.

Contents | Executive Summary | Segment-wise Q3 FY 22 Industry Performance

Executive Summary

Automotive industry performance overview Q3-FY22



Indian automotive domestic sales and exports shrank at an overall CAGR of 1% over last 5 years.

Downfall in domestic demand following concerns over the Omicron variant

- Declining consumer demand due to reduced commercial and industrial activity.
- Exports rose marginally due to strong global demand during the first half. (4)

3% **2**% **1**% ▲ 36% ▲ 8% **12%** L. TOTAL **4**% **7** 22%

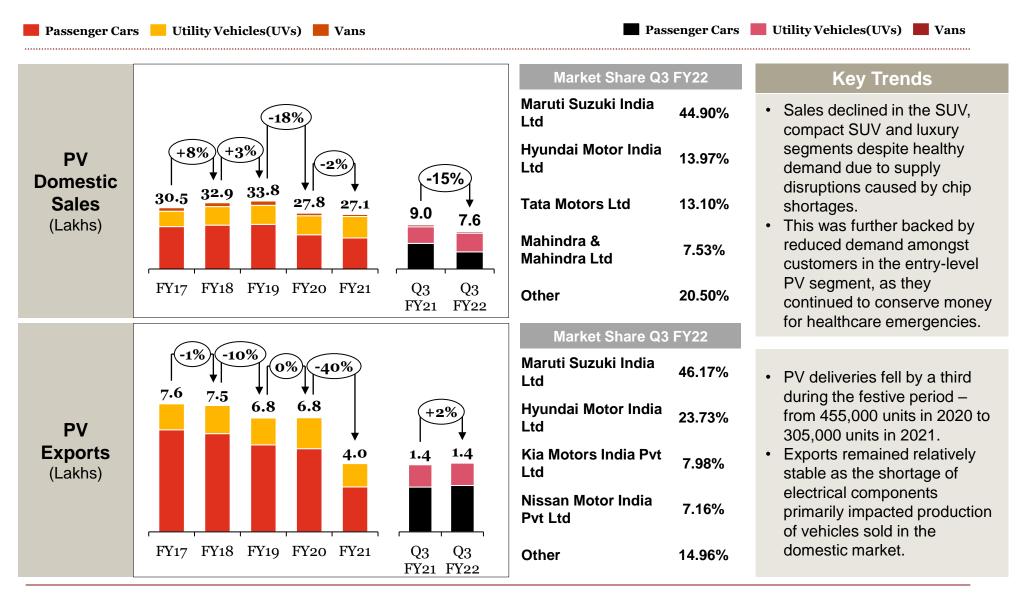
Key Updates

....

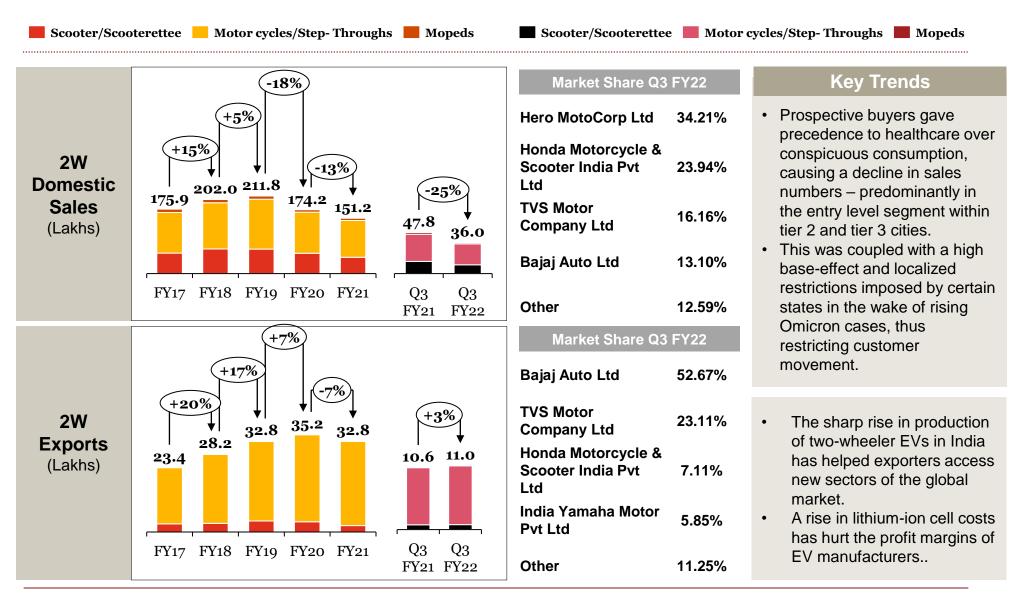
Past Trends	 Sustainability and carbon neutrality have started to majorly impact car design, as certain automakers are already producing cars with 80% recyclability and 85% recoverability. Record-high retail fuel prices globally – caused by supply disruptions – forced the govt. to slash taxes on petrol and diesel and triggered renewed interest in EVs. Lack of supply in the PV market due to chip shortages and unusually weak demand for 2Ws meant that India saw its worst festive season in almost a decade. The pace of electrification of vehicles has increased due to tightening mandates. Mainstream automakers have started to form partnerships with battery cell vendors, electric motor developers and semiconductor vehicles; to raise production capacity and develop battery cells with higher energy density and faster charging capability. Reduced expenditure on marketing during the holiday season by OEMs and retailers due to supply chain woes.
Going Forward	 Surge in CV prices across all segments by around 2% due to increasing input costs, caused by a persistent rise in steel prices. Prioritization of personal mobility over shared mobility will continue until a return to normalcy from the COVID-19 pandemic. The ongoing semiconductor shortage crisis had impacted production numbers of CVs, 2Ws and PVs by 15-20% by the end of the previous calendar year and is expected to continue to do so in 2022, especially since vehicles are becoming increasingly more reliant on semiconductors due to higher electrification. Declining raw material costs towards the latter stages of the quarter are set to improve automakers' profit margins in the upcoming months. Rise in orders from global passenger vehicle OEMs; EVs to account for 15-20% of component makers' portfolio in the next 3-4 years

Segment-wise Q3 FY 22 Industry Performance

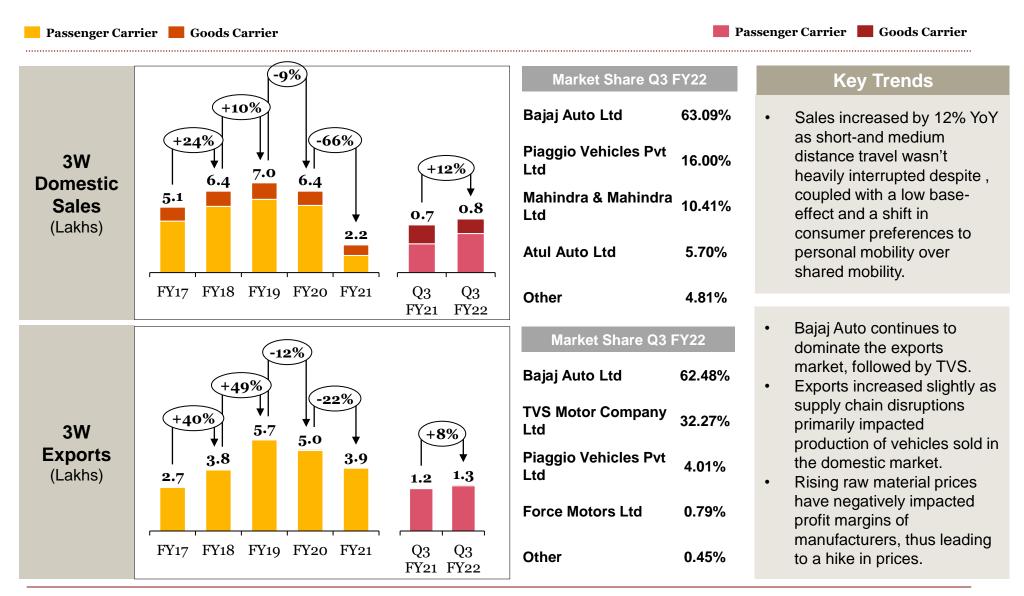
Passenger vehicles



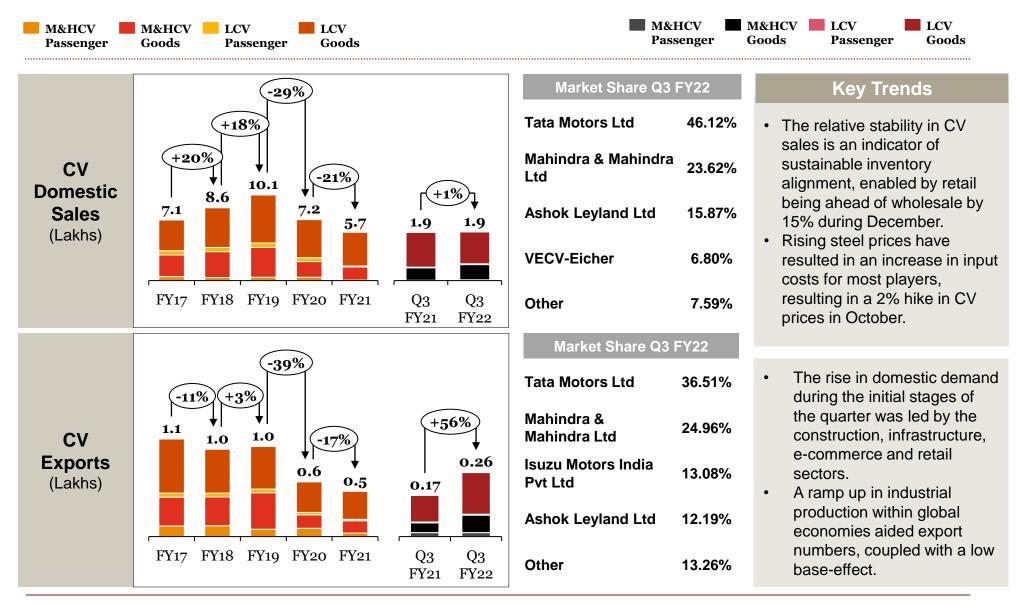
2 wheelers



3 wheelers

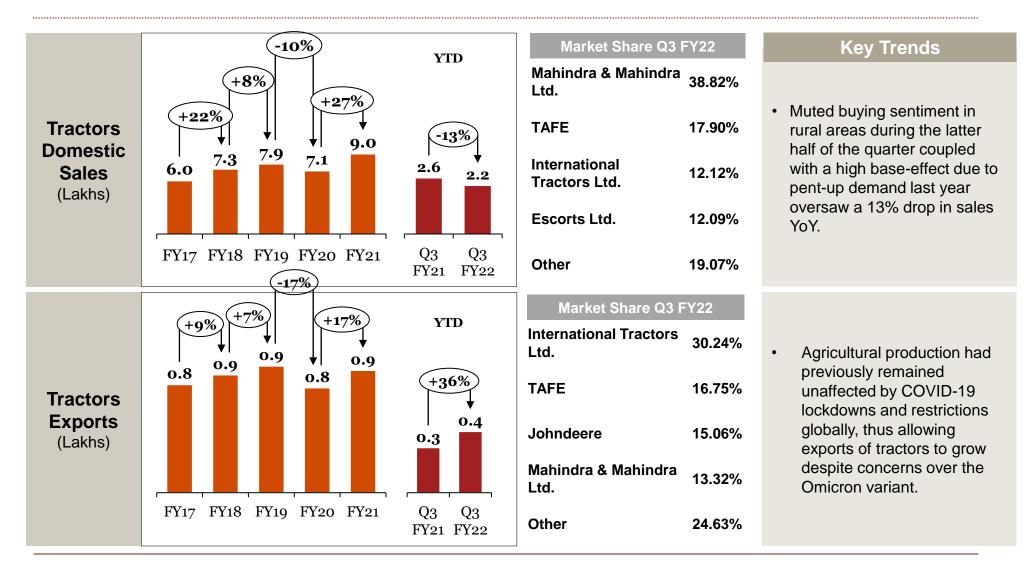


Commercial vehicles

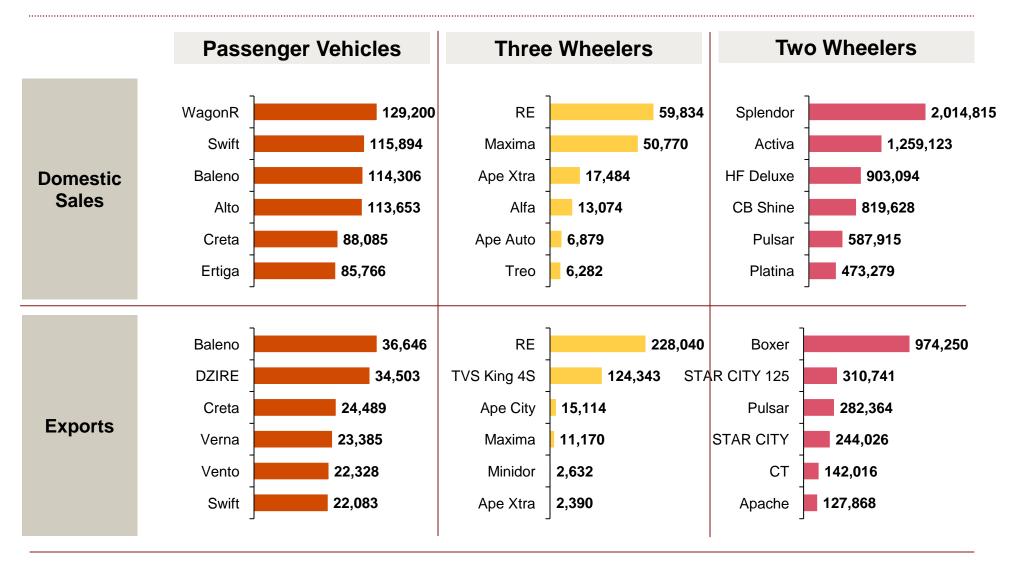


Quarterly vehicle industry performance – Q3 FY22 PwC Strictly private and confidential

Tractors



Q2 FY22 Model-wise Sales



Quarterly vehicle industry performance – Q3 FY22 PwC



Disclaimer

This document has been prepared solely for [ACMA] Automotive Component Manufacturers Association of India, being the express addressee to this document. PwC does not accept or assume any liability, responsibility or duty of care for any use of or reliance on this document by anyone, other than (i) ACMA, to the extent agreed in the relevant contract for the matter to which this document relates (if any), or (ii) as expressly agreed by PwC in writing in advance.

This publication has been prepared for general guidance on matters of interest only, and does not constitute professional advice. You should not act upon the information contained in this publication without obtaining specific professional advice. No representation or warranty (express or implied) is given as to the accuracy or completeness of the information contained in this publication, and, to the extent permitted by law, PwC, its members, employees and agents accept no liability, and disclaim all responsibility, for the consequences of you or anyone else acting, or refraining to act, in reliance on the information contained in this publication or for any decision based on it.

This publication contains certain examples extracted from third party documentation and so being out of context from the original third party documents; readers should bear this in mind when reading the publication. The copyright in such third party material remains owned by the third parties concerned, and PwC expresses its appreciation to these companies for having allowed it to include their information in this publication. For a more comprehensive view on each company's communication, please read the entire document from which the extracts have been taken. Please note that the inclusion of a company in this publication does not imply any endorsement of that company by PwC nor any verification of the accuracy of the information contained in any of the examples.

This publication contains various companies' forward looking statements, which by their nature involve numerous assumptions, inherent risks and uncertainties, both general and specific, and risks that predictions, forecasts, projections and other forward looking statements will not be achieved. We caution readers of this publication not to place undue reliance on these forward looking statements, as a number of important factors could cause actual future results to differ materially from the plans, objectives, expectations, estimates, and intentions expressed in such forward looking statements.

PwC contacts for ACMA Knowledge Partnership

- Kavan Mukhtyar, Partner & Leader-Automotive, PwC India kavan.mukhtyar@pwc.com / +912261198735
- Somnath Chatterjee, ACMA Knowledge Partnership Manager –somnath.chatterjee@pwc.com / +911244620724

** This map is not to scale. It is an indicative outline intended for general reference use only.

© 2022 PricewaterhouseCoopers Private Limited. All rights reserved. In this document, "PwC" refers to PricewaterhouseCoopers Private Limited (a limited liability company in India), which is a member firm of PricewaterhouseCoopers International Limited, each member firm of which is a separate legal entity