

OEM- Financial Analysis FY 20



Contents

List of Companies and Ratios			
1	List of companies	4	
2	Ratios used	5	
Macro Economic Climate in India			
OEM	Financial analysis	10	
1	Ashok Leyland	11	
2	Atul Auto	15	
3	Bajaj Auto	19	
4	Escorts	23	
5	Force Motors	27	
6	Hero Motocorp	31	
7	Mahindra and Mahindra		
8	Maruti Suzuki	39	
9	SMLISUZU	43	
10	Tata Motors	47	
11	TVS	51	

To navigate this report on-screen (in pdf format)

From any page – click on the section title in the header navigation bar

 $From this \, {\rm Contents} \, {\rm page-click} \, {\rm on} \, the \, title \, {\rm of} \, the \, section \, {\rm or} \, {\rm sub-section}$

From the contents listing on any section divider - click on the title of the sub-section

List of Companies and Ratios

List of Companies and Ratios		
1	List of companies	4
2	Ratiosused	5

List of companies included in the analysis



Ratios used

EBITDA margin	(EBITDA-other income)/Net Sales
EBIT margin	(EBIT-other income)/Net Sales
PBT margin	(PBT-other income)/Net Sales
PAT margin	(PAT-other income)/Net Sales
Inventory Turnover	Net sales/Inventory
FATO	Annual Net sales/Annual net fixed assets
Average days payable outstanding	Payables/(COGS/Days)
Working capital cycle days	Working capital/(Net Sales/Days)

Contents | List of Companies | Macro Economic Climate in India | OEM Financial analysis

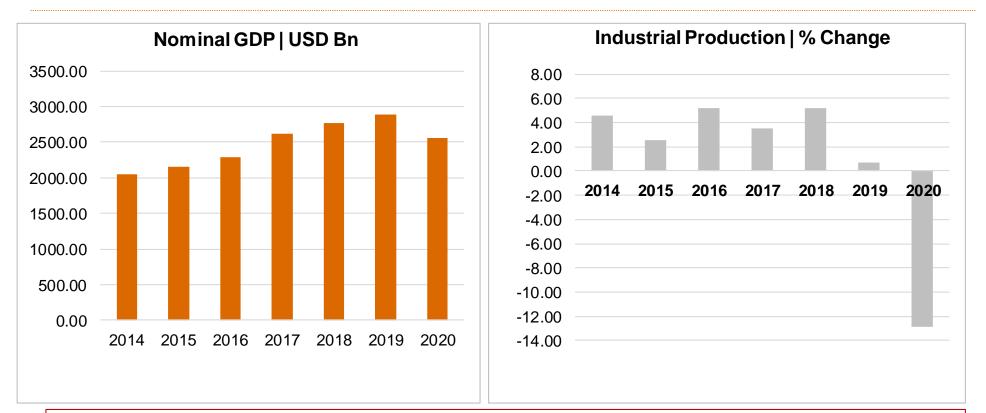
Macro Economic Climate in India

Placeholder

India	Index: wages, straight time, LCU basis	
India	Growth Rate: Population, Urban	
India	Unemployment Rate	
India	Gross Domestic Product Deflator, Year-on-Year Percent Change	
India	Idia Real Private Consumption, Growth Rate, Year-on-Year	
India	ia Real Fixed Investment, Growth Rate, Year-on-Year	

India-key economic indicators

Following slowdown in 2019, COVID-19 caused a major downturn in 2020



> The ongoing Covid-19 pandemic & multiple lockdowns exacerbated slowdown and contracted India's GDP by 23.9% in the Apr-Jun quarter

> Although, government expenditure increased but it could not compensate for the decline in private consumption & investments

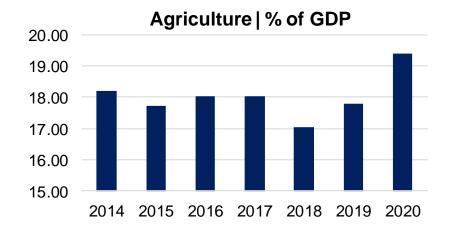
> Except agriculture, all other sector faced the heat of the current crisis, especially non-essential sectors were hit very badly

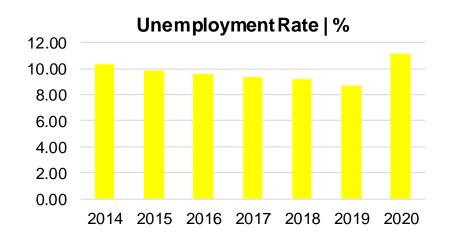
 $\succ Government has announced the large stimulus for revival of economy, majorly focusing on liquidity increase in the system of the system of$

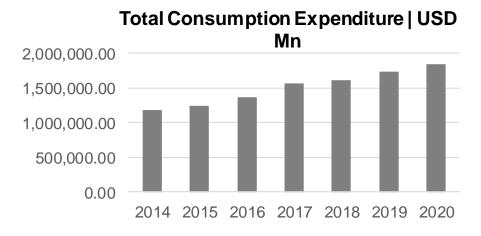
India-key economic indicators

COVID-19 pandemic a major economic setback; impact seen across all indicators







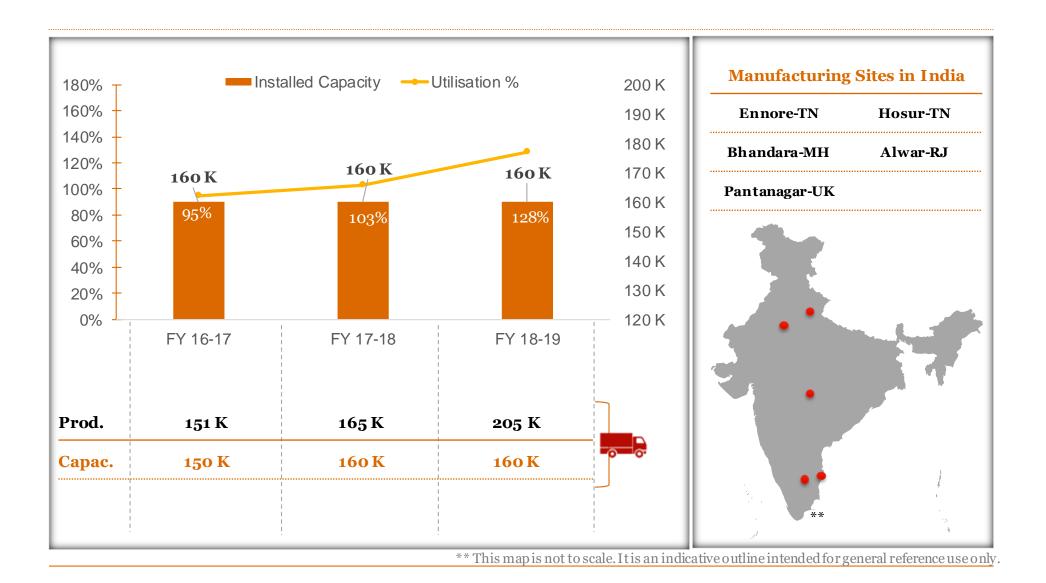


OEM Financial analysis

OEM	Financial analysis	10
1	Ashok Leyland	11
2	Atul Auto	15
3	Bajaj Auto	19
4	Escorts	23
5	Force Motors	27
6	Hero Motocorp	31
7	Mahindra and Mahindra	35
8	Maruti Suzuki	39
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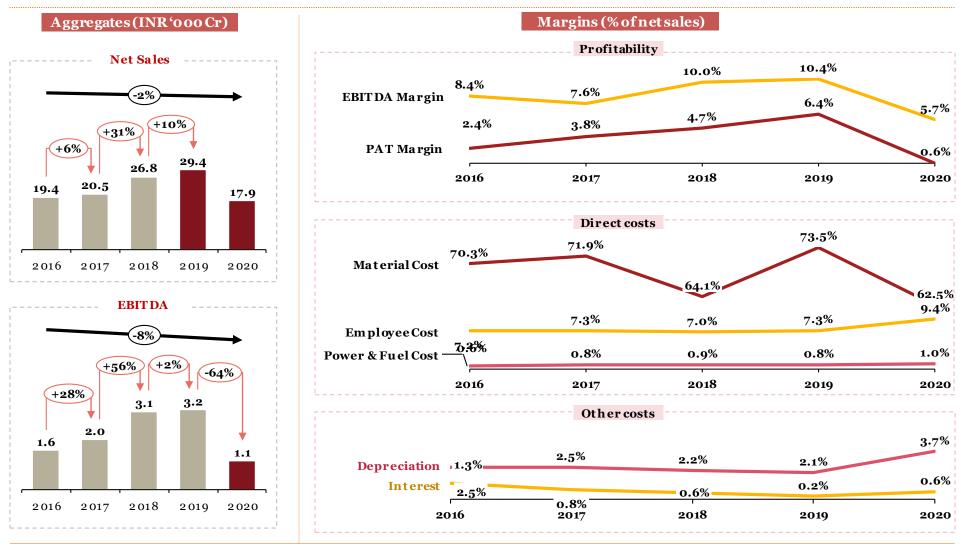


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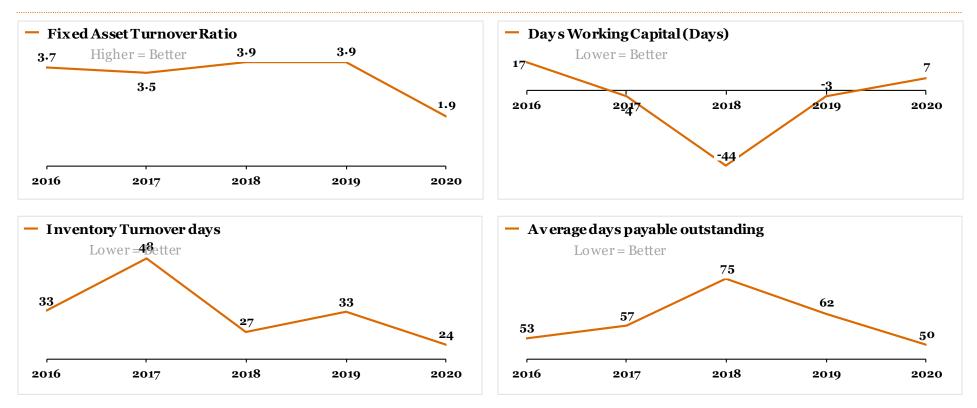
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Trends in aggregates, profitability and costs





Trends in efficiency



In FY 20

- > Ashok Leyland saw continued improvements in average days payable outstanding, as well as Inventory turnover
- > The commercial vehicle market faced a sales downturn this year, partly due to weakening industrial growth as well as new regulatory

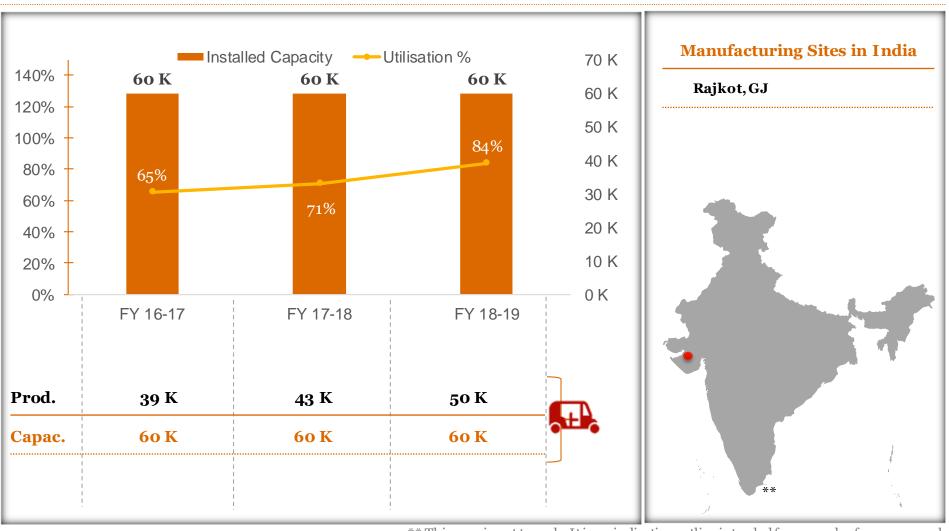
measures

2 Atul Auto



Atul Auto

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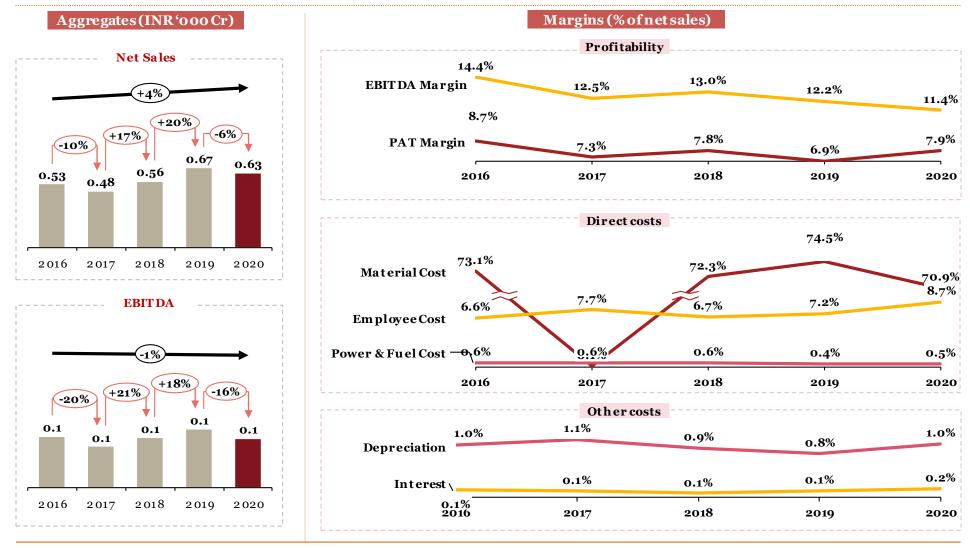


** This map is not to scale. It is an indicative outline intended for general reference use only.

Atul Auto

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Trends in aggregates, profitability and costs

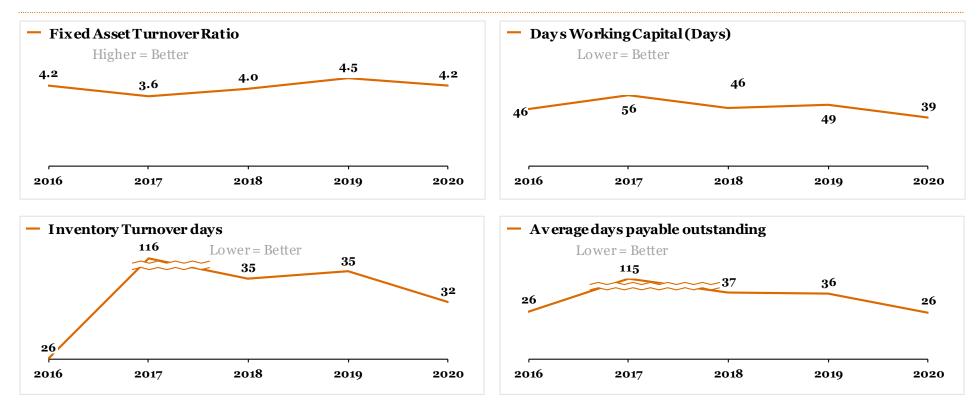


Contents | List of Companies | Macro Economic Climate in India | OEM Financial analysis

Atul Auto



Trends in efficiency



In FY 20

> Atul Auto is the only OEM in the list of 11 studied as part of this report with majority operations in the 3-wheeler segment.

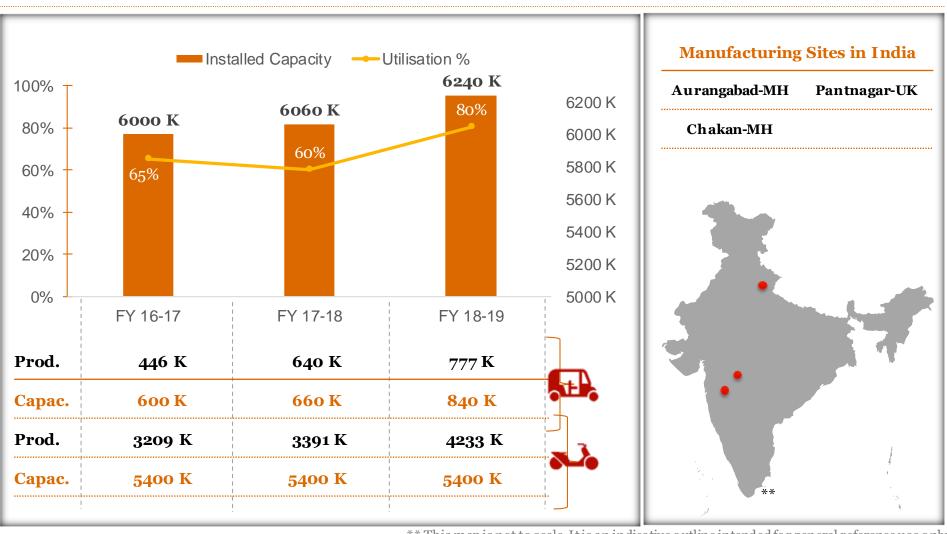
> Atul Auto had 6.4% market share in the 3 wheeler segment

3 Bajaj Auto



Bajaj Auto

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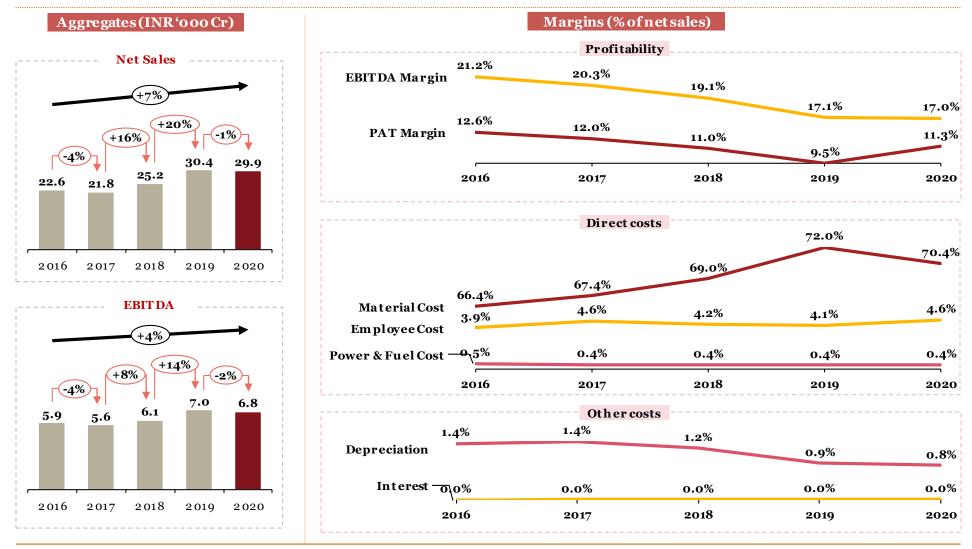


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Bajaj Auto

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Trends in aggregates, profitability and costs

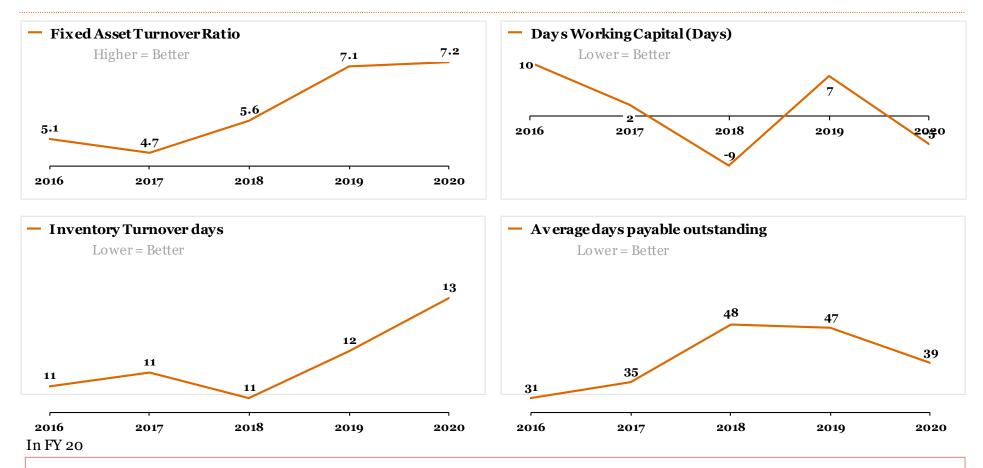


Contents | List of Companies | Macro Economic Climate in India | OEM Financial analysis

Bajaj Auto



Trends in efficiency



▶ Bajaj Auto saw a reduction in Net Sales and EBIT DA from the previous year's record highs

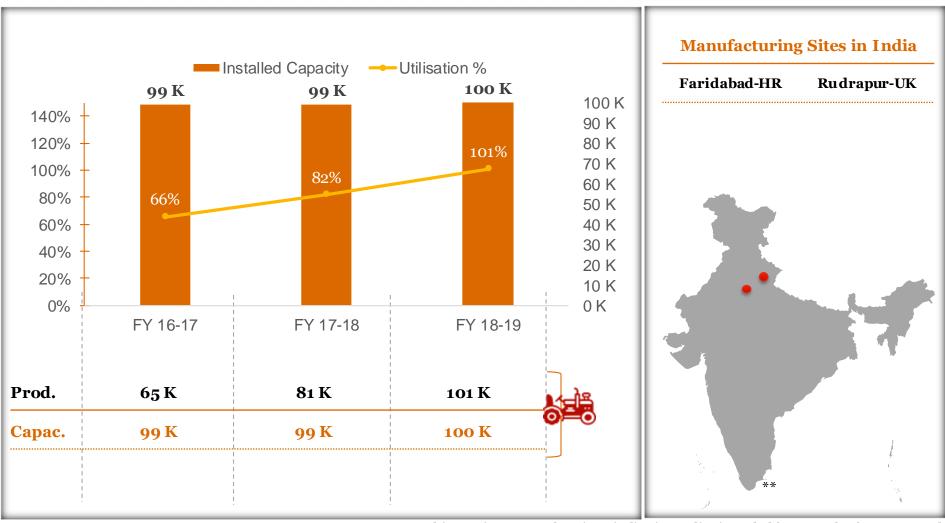
> Days working capital improved, while fixed asset turnover ratio declined

4 Escorts





Escorts

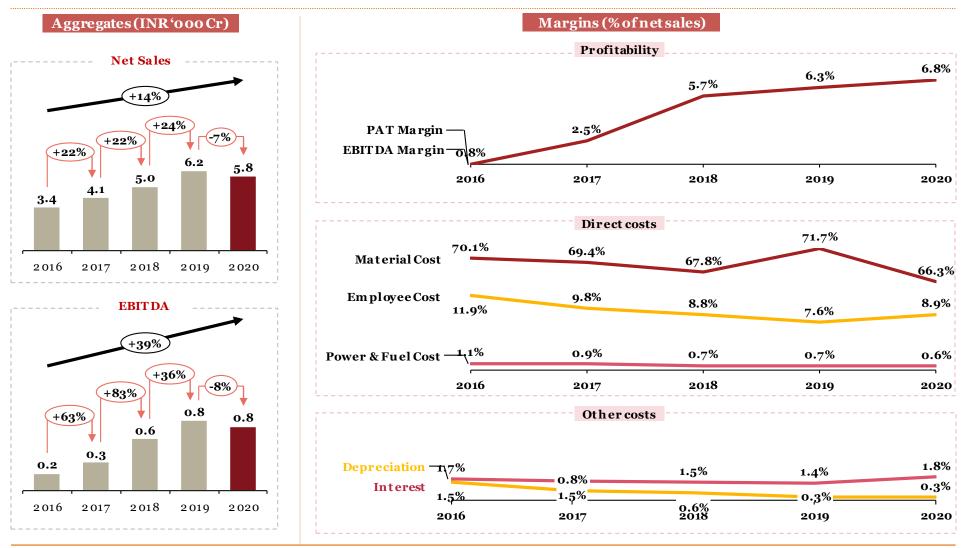


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Escorts

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Trends in aggregates, profitability and costs



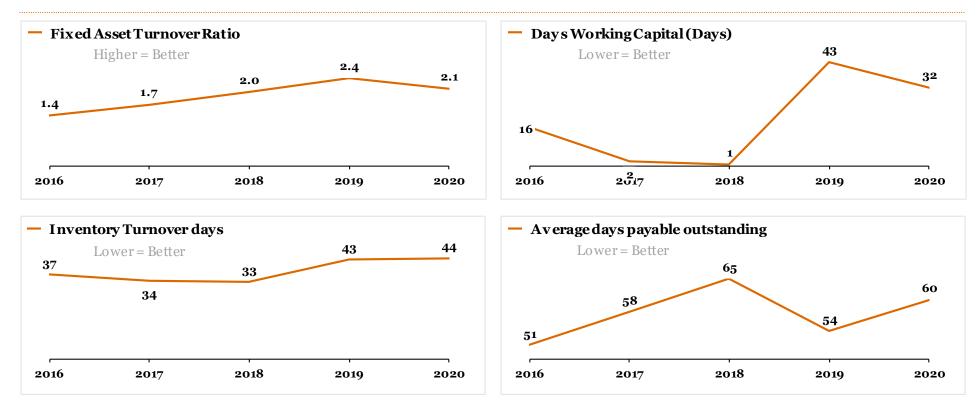
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Contents | List of Companies | Macro Economic Climate in India | OEM Financial analysis

Escorts



Trends in efficiency

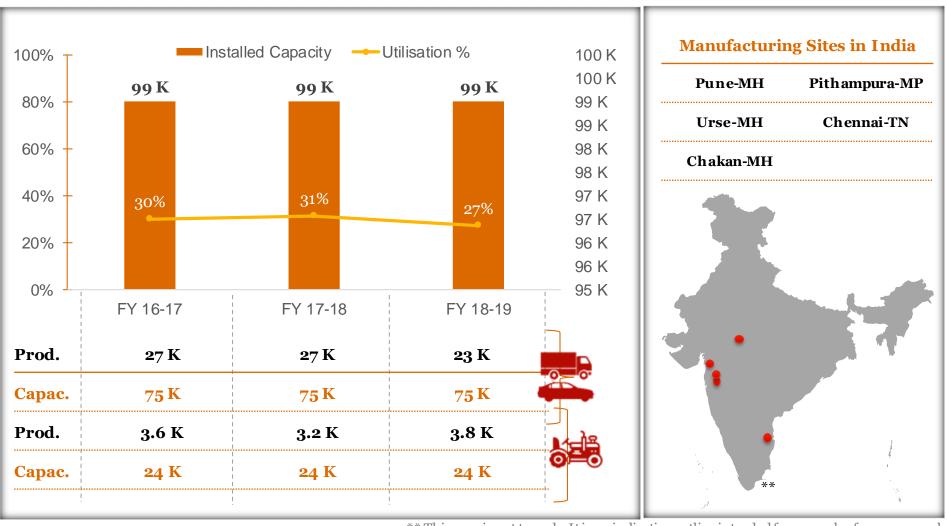


In FY 20

- > Escorts is the only OEM, in this list of 11, to have significant portion of its revenue contributed to by the tractors segment alone.
- > Average days payable, inventory turnover days both rose
- \succ Tractor sales declined 13.3%



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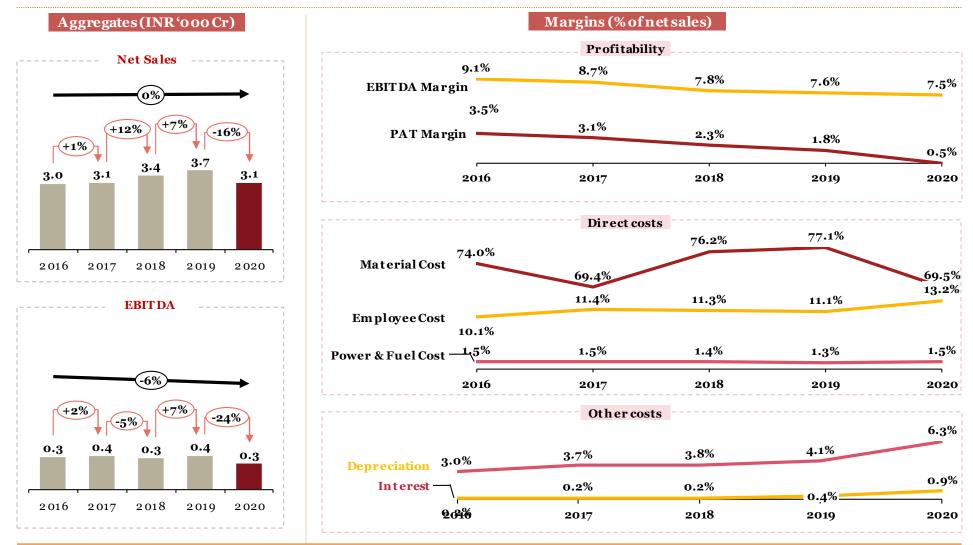


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5 Force Motors

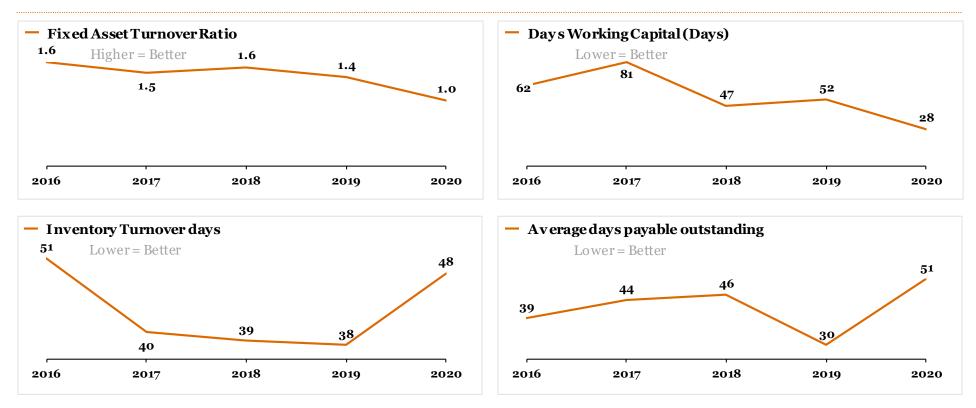
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Trends in aggregates, profitability and costs





Trends in efficiency



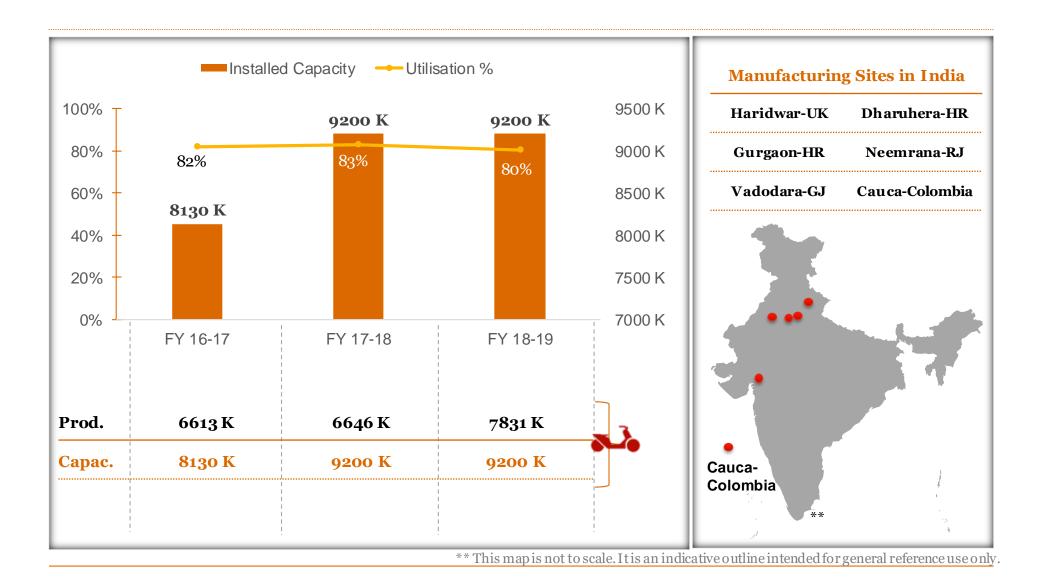
In FY 20

- \blacktriangleright Force Motors sales declined ~32% in the PV space, and ~8% in the CV space
- > Company reported a decline in PAT and EBITDA margins

6 Hero Motocorp

Hero Motocorp

Hero MotoCorp

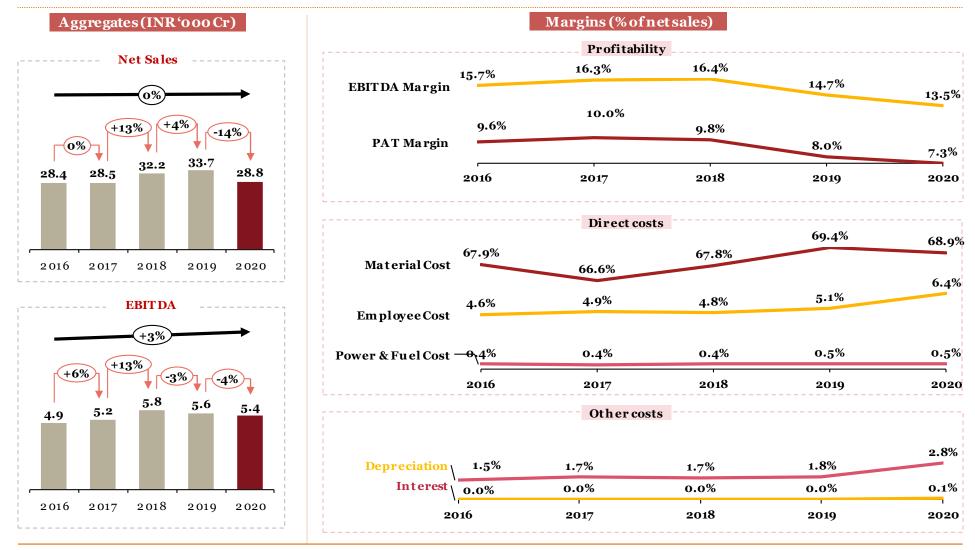


Hero Motocorp

6 Hero Motocorp

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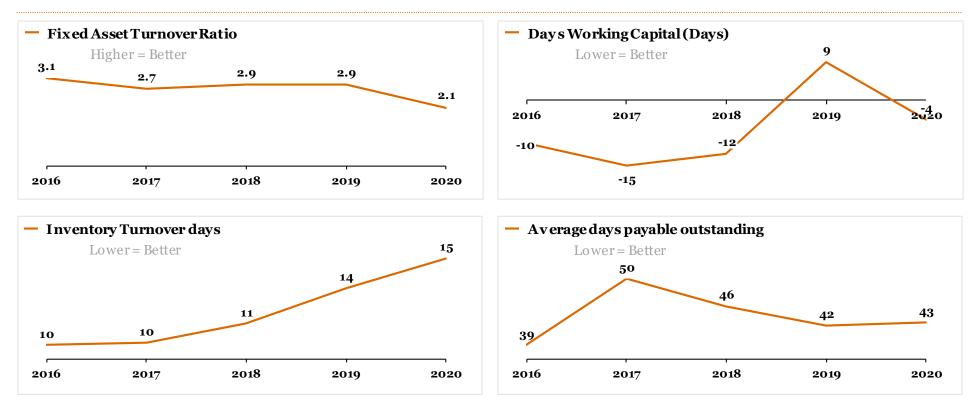
Trends in aggregates, profitability and costs



Hero Motocorp



Trends in efficiency



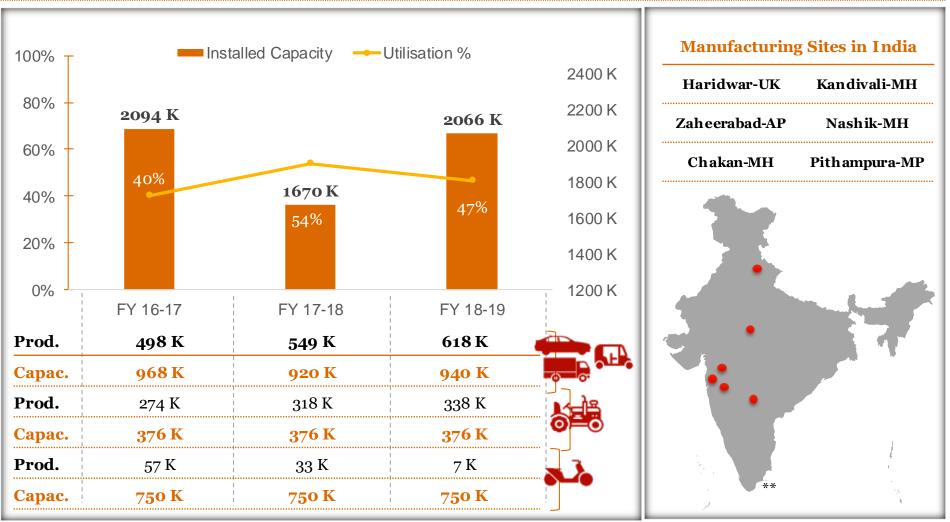
In FY 20

- > Hero MotoCorp reported improvements in Fixed Asset Turnover and Days Working Capital
- ➤ Company saw an ~18% decline in sales

7 Mahindra and Mahindra

Mahindra and Mahindra

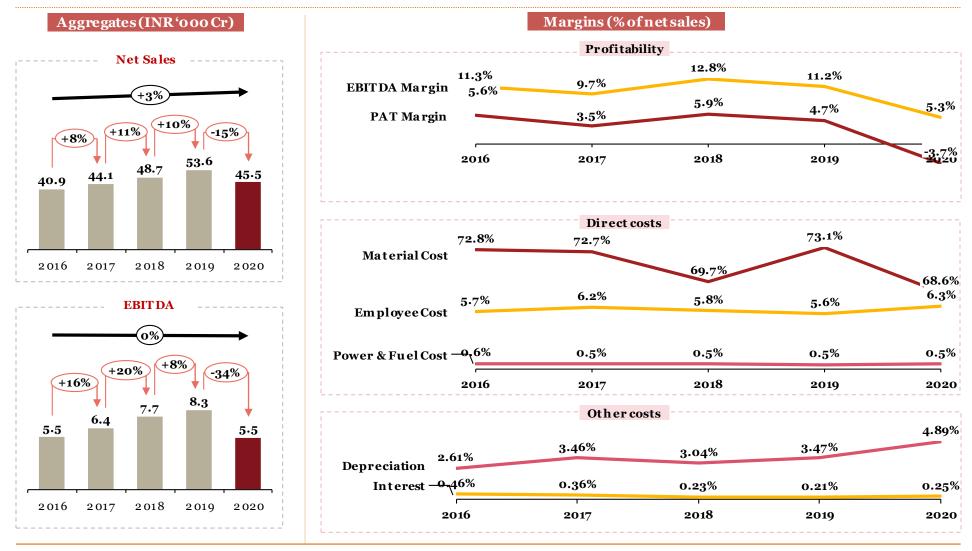
Mahindra & Mahindra



** This map is not to scale. It is an indicative outline intended for general reference use only. Capacity includes production capacity for Construction Equipment.

Mahindra and Mahindra

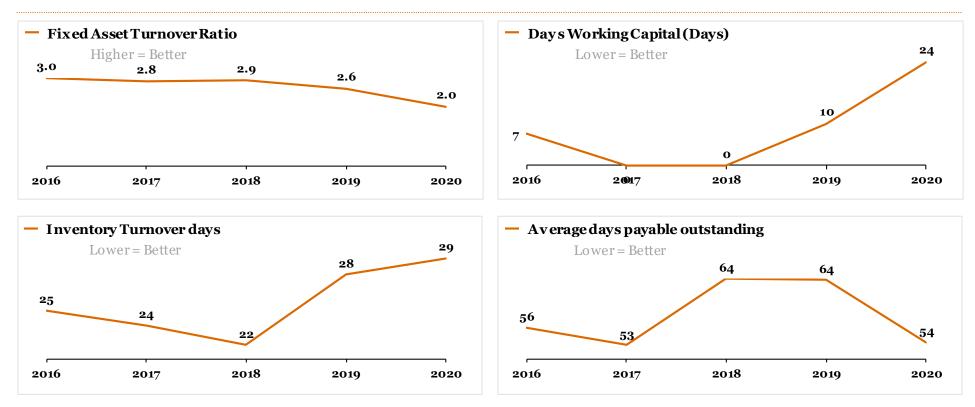
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Mahindra and Mahindra



Trends in efficiency

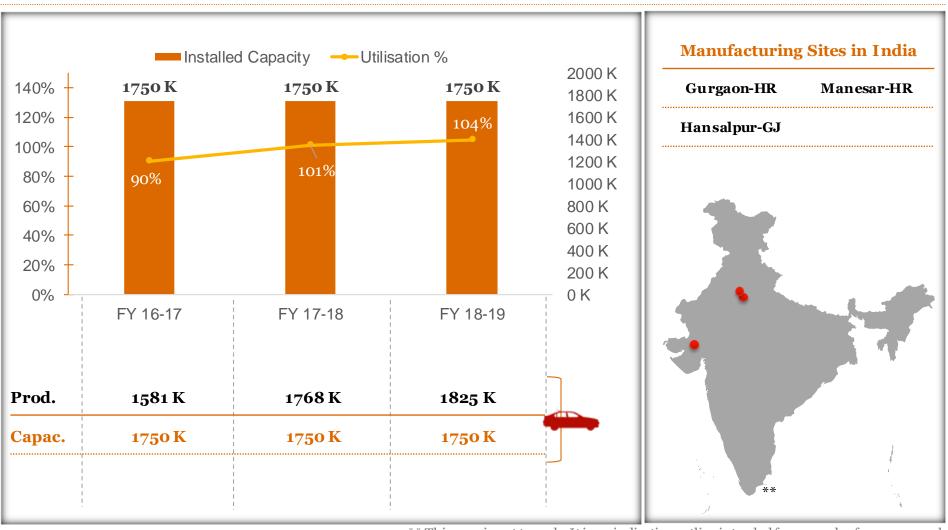


In FY 20

Company saw a major decline in EBITDA and PAT margin, and a higher employee cost%



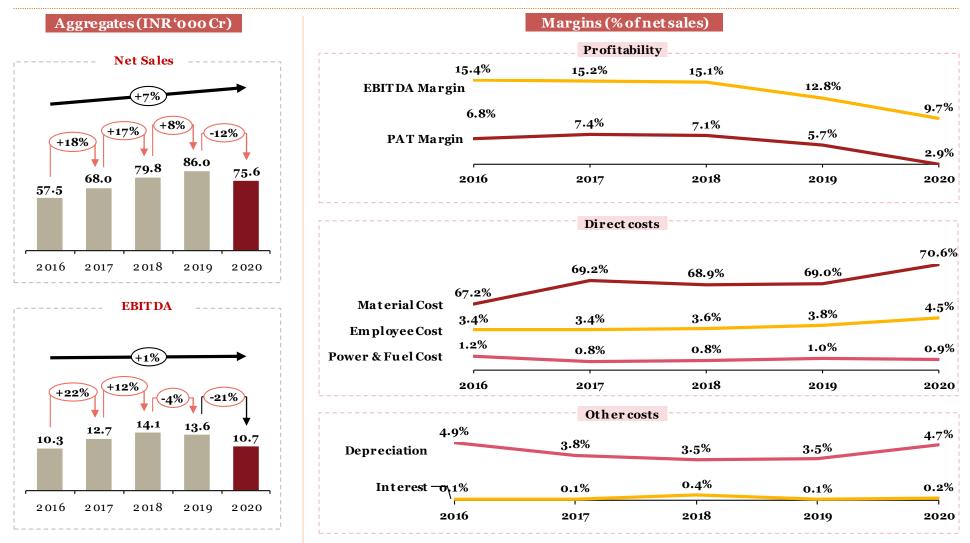
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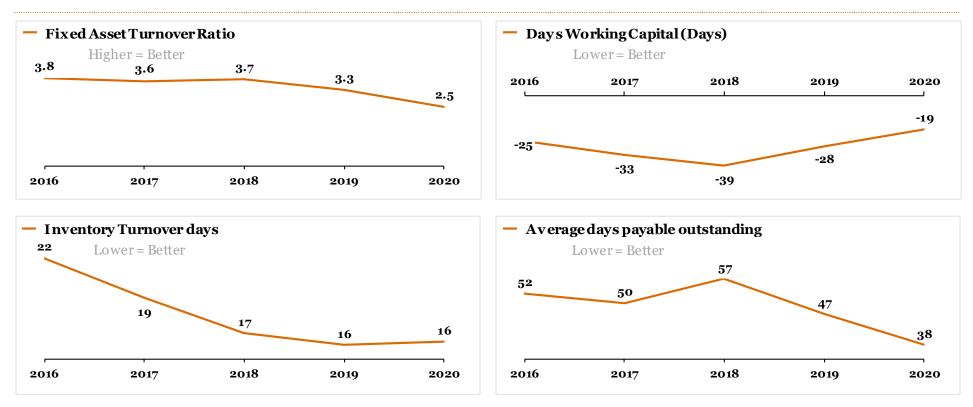
Maruti Suzuki

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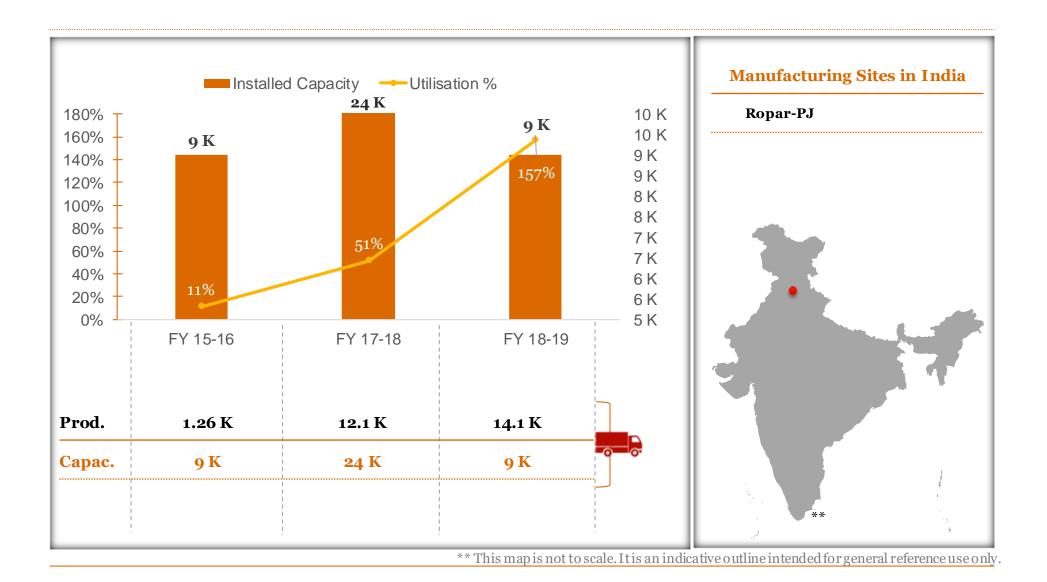
Trends in efficiency



- > Maruti Suzuki saw a decline in profits, affected by lower sales volumes and higher promotional expense
- > The company benefited from a lower corporate tax rate
- ➢ Maruti Suzuki sales declined ~18%

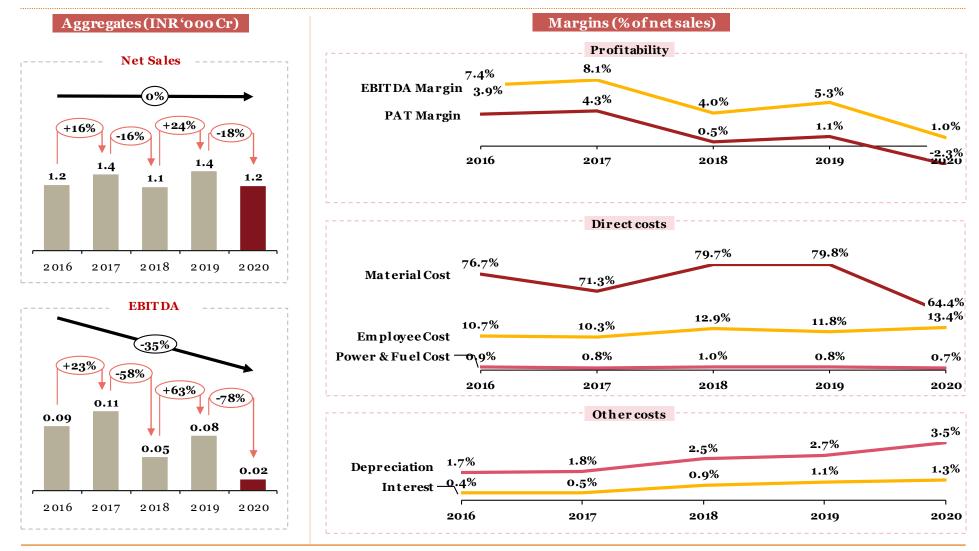


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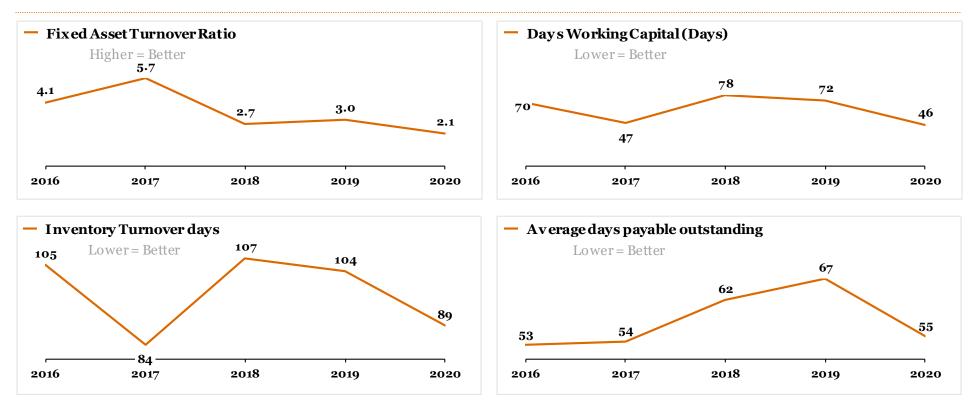
Trends in aggregates, profitability and costs



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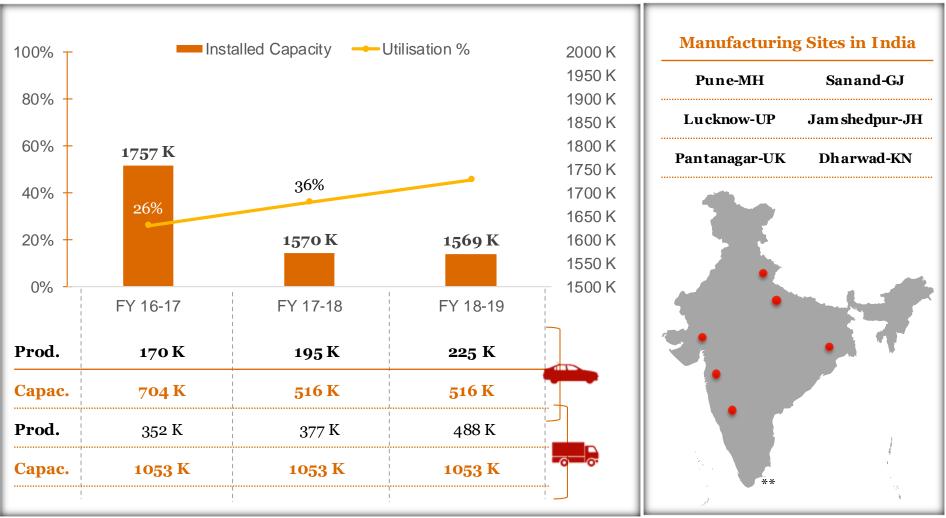
Trends in efficiency



- SML Isuzu margins declined majorly, driven by lower sales volumes and higher costs
- > The company had to face up to challenges created by the new axle norms, safety standards, transition to BS-VI
- ➢ COVID-19 shutdown will impact demand in FY 21

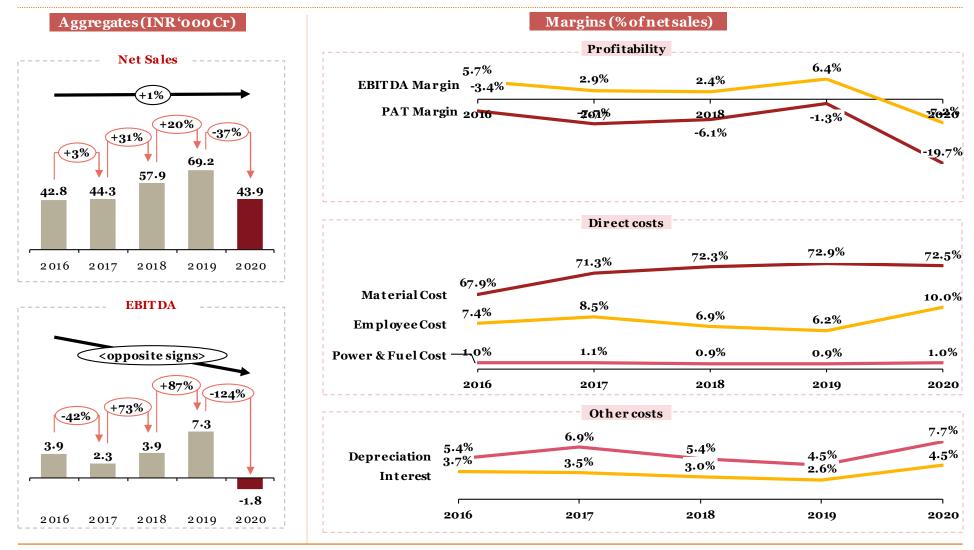


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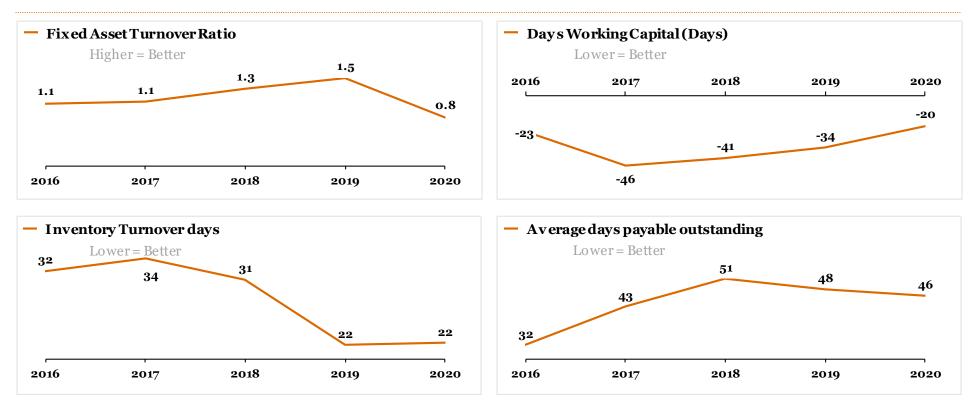
** This map is not to scale. It is an indicative outline intended for general reference use only. ** Total production capacity has been segregated into PV and CV capacity in the ratio of production volumes for the year.

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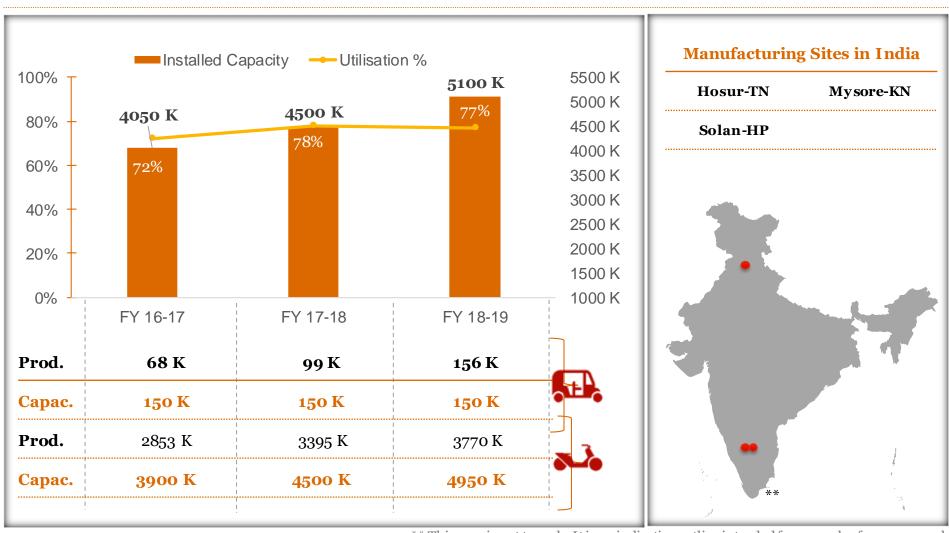
Trends in efficiency



- Tata Motors had to contend with declining consumer sentiment, new axle norms, imposition of BS-VI emissions norms that have all had an impact on the business
- > The company has intimated it is working towards becoming net debt free.

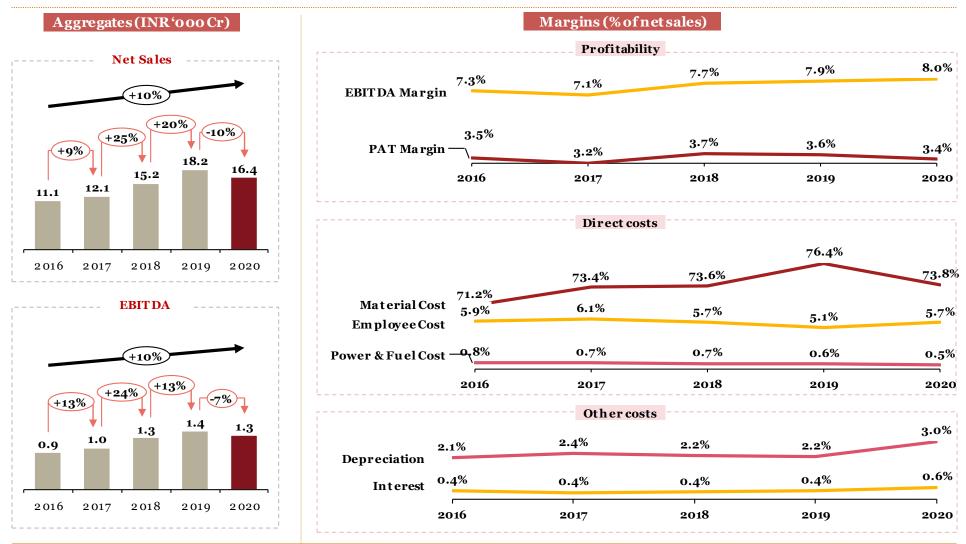


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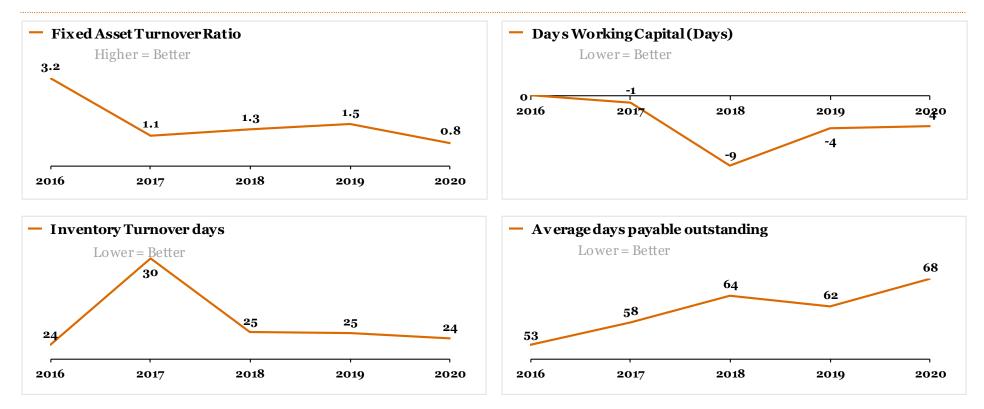
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Trends in efficiency



- > The 2W segment declined ~17%, due to higher costs of ownership and declining GDP
- > TVS sales in the 2W segment declined \sim 23%



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